

Board of Directors Meeting

September 24, 2019 2:15pm

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Regular Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Rivanna Water & Sewer Authority

DATE: **September 24, 2019**

LOCATION: Conference Room, Administration Building

695 Moores Creek Lane, Charlottesville, VA

TIME: 2:15 p.m.

AGENDA

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- 2. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS BOARD MEETINGS a. Minutes of Regular Board Meeting on August 27, 2019
- RECOGNITION
- EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT
- 5. ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC
- RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS
- 7. CONSENT AGENDA
 - a. Staff Report on Finance
 - b. Staff Report on Ongoing Projects
 - c. Staff Report on Operations
 - d. Position Reclassification Request- Grounds Maintenance to Civil Engineer
 - e. General Administrative Procedures
 - f. Award of Nonprofessional Services Contract: On-Call Dam Maintenance Services Bander Smith, Inc.
 - g. Authorization of Professional Engineering Services, Route 29 Water Pump Station and Water Main Project – Short Elliot Hendrickson Engineers
 - h. Approval of Observatory Water Treatment Plant, Raw Water Pumping and Piping Upgrade Cost and Capacity Allocation Agreement

8. OTHER BUSINESS

- a. Presentation: Biosolids Disposal Alternatives; Dave Tungate, Director of Operations
- b. Presentation and Approval: "Joint Resolution" to Terminate the Buck Mountain Surcharge; Lonnie Wood, Director of Finance and Administration
- 9. OTHER ITEMS FROM BOARD/STAFF NOT ON AGENDA
- 10. CLOSED MEETING
- 11. ADJOURNMENT

GUIDELINES FOR PUBLIC COMMENT AT RIVANNA BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETINGS

If you wish to address the Rivanna Board of Directors during the time allocated for public comment, please raise your hand or stand when the Chairman asks for public comments.

Members of the public requesting to speak will be recognized during the specific time designated on the meeting agenda for "Items From The Public." Each person will be allowed to speak for up to three minutes. When two or more individuals are present from the same group, it is recommended that the group designate a spokesperson to present its comments to the Board and the designated speaker can ask other members of the group to be recognized by raising their hand or standing. Each spokesperson for a group will be allowed to speak for up to five minutes.

During public hearings, the Board will attempt to hear all members of the public who wish to speak on a subject, but it must be recognized that on rare occasion presentations may have to be limited because of time constraints. If a previous speaker has articulated your position, it is recommended that you not fully repeat the comments and instead advise the Board of your agreement. The time allocated for speakers at public hearings are the same as for regular Board meetings, although the Board can allow exceptions at its discretion.

Speakers should keep in mind that Board of Directors meetings are formal proceedings and all comments are recorded on tape. for that reason, speakers are requested to speak from the podium and wait to be recognized by the Chairman. In order to give all speakers proper respect and courtesy, the Board requests that speakers follow the following guidelines:

- Wait at your seat until recognized by the Chairman.
- Come forward and state your full name and address and your organizational affiliation if speaking for a group;
- Address your comments to the Board as a whole;
- State your position clearly and succinctly and give facts and data to support your position;
- Summarize your key points and provide the Board with a written statement, or supporting rationale, when possible;
- If you represent a group, you may ask others at the meeting to be recognized by raising their hand or standing:
- Be respectful and civil in all interactions at Board meetings;
- The Board may ask speakers questions or seek clarification, but recognize that Board meetings are not a forum for public debate; Board Members will not recognize comments made from the audience and ask that members of the audience not interrupt the comments of speakers and remain silent while others are speaking so that other members in the audience can hear the speaker;
- The Board will have the opportunity to address public comments after the public comment session has been closed;
- At the request of the Chairman, the Executive Director may address public comments after the session has been closed as well: and
- As appropriate, staff will research questions by the public and respond through a report back to the Board at the next regular meeting of the full Board. It is suggested that citizens who have questions for the Board or staff submit those questions in advance of the meeting to permit the opportunity for some research before the meeting.

The agendas of Board meetings, and supporting materials, are available from the RWSA Administration office upon request or can be viewed on the Rivanna website(s)

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RWSA BOARD OF DIRECTORS **Minutes of Regular Meeting** August 27, 2019

A regular meeting of the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority (RWSA) Board of Directors was held on Tuesday, August 27, 2019 at 2:35 p.m. in the 2nd floor conference room, Administration Building, 695 Moores Creek Lane, Charlottesville, Virginia.

Board Members Present: Mike Gaffney, Tarron Richardson, Kathy Galvin, Gary O'Connell, Liz Palmer.

Board Members Absent: Lauren Hildebrand, Jeff Richardson.

- Rivanna Staff Present: David Rhoades, Phil McKalips, Michelle Simpson, Austin Marrs,
- Andrea Terry, Victoria Fort, Jennifer Whitaker, Scott Schiller, Lonnie Wood, Liz Coleman, Dr. 16
 - Bill Morris, Dyon Vega, Katie McIlwee, Bill Mawyer.
 - Attorney(s) Present: Kurt Krueger, RWSA counsel, members of the public and media representatives.

1. CALL TO ORDER

Mr. Gaffney called the August 27, 2019 regular meeting of the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority Board of Directors to order at 2:35 p.m.

2. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS BOARD MEETINGS

- a. Minutes of Regular Board Meeting on May 28, 2019
- b. Minutes of Regular Board Meeting on July 23, 2019
- Mr. Gaffney asked Mr. Krueger which members would be able to vote on the meeting minutes.
- Mr. Krueger replied that for the May 28, 2019 meeting, the Board members absent were Ms.
- Hildebrand, Mr. Richardson, and Dr. Palmer, and that there were four members present who 33 could vote.
 - Mr. Gaffney asked the Board members if there were any questions or comments about the May 28, 2019 meeting and heard none.
- 38 Mr. O'Connell moved that the Board approve the minutes of the regular Board meeting of
- May 28, 2019. The motion was seconded by Ms. Galvin and passed 4-0-1. Dr. Palmer
- abstained from the vote. Mr. Richardson and Ms. Hildebrand were absent from the 41 meeting and the vote.
 - Mr. Gaffney asked the Board members if there were any questions or comments about the July 23, 2019 meeting and heard none.
 - Mr. O'Connell moved that the Board approve the minutes of the regular Board meeting of

April 23, 2019. The motion was seconded by Dr. Palmer and passed unanimously (5-0). Mr. Richardson and Ms. Hildebrand were absent from the meeting and the vote.

3. **RECOGNITIONS**

There were no recognitions.

4. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Mr. Mawyer stated that for the Strategic Plan update for this quarter, the Communication and Collaboration Team was participating in an "Imagine a Day Without Water" event with Mr. O'Connell and the City. He stated that school children are invited to draw pictures of what it would be like to have a day without water, and that some of this artwork could be seen in the hallway.

Mr. Mawyer stated that RWSA is also participating in the United Way's Day of Caring on September 25 and going to Camp Holiday Trails to work on a trail improvement project.

Mr. Mawyer stated that RWSA continues to optimize its operations and security by installing security cameras at a number of its reservoir locations. He stated that they also plan to keep the front gate closed longer in the morning, starting Monday, September 3, 2019. He explained that it currently opens at about 6:00 am when there is a shift change, but that there are only two staff on the property until after 7:00 am and they would therefore leave the gate closed until 7:00 am, staying open until 5:30 pm.

Mr. Mawyer continued that a letter was sent to about 140 haulers who are the frequent early-morning customers, informing them that the schedule has changed and noting that they can still come in 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, but they must call the operator on duty to have the gate opened. He stated that if the haulers choose to do this there is a fee, except for the one hour of 6:00-7:00 am so that the new schedule change will not affect the haulers.

Mr. Gaffney asked if there were only two people there after 7:00 am.

Mr. Mawyer replied that there are two staff present before 7:00 am, and that those two operators work alone all night.

Mr. Gaffney asked if it was expensive to put up an automatic gate.

Mr. Mawyer replied that this would be considered as part of the security project that was approved the prior month, noting that he wasn't sure what the specific cost would be. He stated that there is currently an automatic gate there now and that he can click with his remote to open it. He stated that staff have clickers to obtain access 24-7, but the private haulers and anyone from the public do not have these.

90 Mr. Gaffney stated that he didn't know if someone could call the operator and if the operator could open the gate.

93 Mr. Mawyer replied that they currently cannot do this remotely.

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95 Mr. Mawyer stated that the Infrastructure and Master Planning Initiative is continuing and that 96 work is underway for the second phase of the Asset Management Program. He stated that a pilot 97 study would be done on the relatively new Rivanna Pump Station to catalogue assets and help 98 develop a new asset management software system.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that, as he mentioned at the last Board meeting, there was training as part of Workforce Development on the OSHA-10 safety topics, as well as in CPR.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that for environmental stewardship, the water resources manager has been coordinating with County staff about algae blooms in the reservoirs.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that also in regard to infrastructure and master planning, work is being done 106 on the Buck Mountain Property Master Plan and there would be interviews the following week 107 with consultants who would help move this project forward. He stated that Mr. Krueger has 108 helped to craft a resolution to eliminate the Buck Mountain surcharge and was coordinating with 109 the City, County, and ACSA attorneys. He stated that Mr. Wood is coordinating with the bond 110 trustee, who also have to approve termination of the surcharge. He stated that after approval is 111 obtained from the bond trustee, it would be brought to the Board for review and approval, then 112 would be passed on to the City, the County and the Service Authority for Council and their 113 Boards to approve the resolution to terminate the surcharge. 114

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Mr. Mawyer stated that negotiations are continuing with property owners to acquire the Rivanna to Ragged Mountain water line property easements.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that work is continuing with UVA staff on the lease for the Observatory
Water Treatment Plant. He stated that they received comments from UVA in the week prior and
that there would be a meeting with them on Thursday to begin to wrap up negotiations.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that he and staff are working on a capacity increase agreement with the City 123 and the ACSA for the Observatory WTP project. A 2003 agreement provides that if there is any 124 new capacity built in the urban water system, there will need to be a new agreement between the 125 126 City and the ACSA to allocate funding for the project. He stated that they are adding 2.3 million gallons capacity at the Observatory Treatment Plant as a new project, and that an agreement was 127 drafted with Mr. O'Connell, Ms. Hildebrand, and Mr. Krueger, which will soon come to the 128 Board (possibly in September) for review. He stated that it would then move forward to the City 129 and Service Authority for final approval. 130

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Mr. Mawyer stated that after recently speaking with Mr. Jeff Richardson about responsibilities for the reservoirs, as well as concerns about traffic, parking and trash, a memorandum of understanding is being drafted between the County, the City, and Rivanna about the five reservoirs that Rivanna uses and what the responsibilities would be for the various aspects. He stated that he plans to send a letter to Dr. Tarron Richardson and Mr. Jeff Richardson in the next week or so with the proposed plan of responsibilities.

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Dr. Palmer stated that the prior weekend, she walked along the South Fork at Mormon's River

- down to Skyline Drive, down to the "Blue Hole," which is City property. She stated that as soon
- as she arrived on the City property, there was a steady stream of people coming there to go
- swimming. She stated that a large number of people had coolers and some had large cases of
- beer. She stated that there was a significant amount of alcohol there, and she wasn't sure how
- this relates with the City in terms of insurance. She stated that there is also a rope swing there
- that doesn't look like it is in good shape. She stated that this may be something to consider for
- insurance purposes.

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- Mr. Mawyer stated that guidance was found in the original Four-Party Agreement about limiting
- Rivanna's responsibility for municipal purposes at the reservoirs that it is in charge of the
- structures, but not municipal activities which was the guideline for the matrix.

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- Ms. Galvin stated that it seemed that some of the standards and guidelines in public parks would
- apply, because the areas are used as parks.

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- 155 Mr. Mawyer stated that this is what was suggested that others are responsible for park-related
- activities and not Rivanna.

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Ms. Galvin expressed that it was good to make this clear.

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- Mr. Mawyer stated that RWSA has received calls about who would retrieve dead animals, trash,
- and about parking at Sugar Hollow (where emergency vehicles cannot get through). He stated
- that there was also damage to the gate, which RWSA repaired, but at Mr. Richardson's
- suggestion, he made a list of responsibilities to communicate to the groups responsible.

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Mr. O'Connell asked which reservoirs this pertained to.

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- Mr. Mawyer replied that it was all five Ragged Mountain, Sugar Hollow, South Fork, Totier,
- and Beaver Creek. He stated that three are owned by the City and two by the County.

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- Dr. Palmer stated that taking the trash cans away from Sugar Hollow has helped dramatically, as
- the trash can was usually overflowing. She stated that people do use doggie bags there and they
- can be found all along the trails.

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- Mr. Krueger added that one of the reasons Rivanna had a relatively limited scope of duties at the
- reservoirs was the recognition of the fact that Rivanna has no police powers, but the County
- does. He stated that Rivanna could enact regulations but that they had no way to enforce them.
- He stated that this was the original thought process when the original 1972 Four-Party
- 178 Agreement was put together.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that the matrix tries to follow this guidance.

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Mr. Gaffney stated that Rivanna does not want police powers.

- Mr. Mawyer stated that Rivanna is at the threshold of getting started with the Observatory Water
- 185 Treatment Plant and South Rivanna Treatment Plant upgrades, through which the two buildings

- will be combined into one construction mega-contract relative to Rivanna. He stated that to encourage competitive bidding, they would invite contractors to an informational meeting on
- September 26 and that the meeting would be advertised in national newspapers to improve
- interest and pricing. He stated that likely in October to November, they would advertise for and

190 receive bids.

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- Mr. Mawyer stated that in environmental stewardship, as well as infrastructure and master
- planning, Ms. Whitaker and Ms. Terry have been coordinating with the Virginia DEQ and had a
- stream gauge replaced below the South Fork-Rivanna Reservoir Dam. He stated that this gauge
- can be used to help measure and estimate flow out of the reservoir. He stated that when there are
- meters in the reservoir, they can calibrate and cross-check them with the gauge that DEQ has put
- in the river. He stated that it would also have a monitoring station online and that anyone can see
- what the gauge is reading.

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- Mr. Mawyer stated that a grant application for AEDs (automated external defibrillators) was
- made for the RWSA, which was approved for \$4,000 from the Virginia Resource Sharing
- Association, who is RWSA's property and liability insurance company. He thanked Safety
- 203 Manager, Liz Coleman, for managing this project.

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Dr. Palmer asked where the cameras at Sugar Hollow are located.

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Ms. Whitaker stated that there is the ability to see the whole downstream piece of the dam.

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209 Mr. Mawyer asked if they were on the dam.

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211 Ms. Whitaker replied they are mounted to the dam.

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213 Mr. Gaffney asked if they were in the parking area, too.

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Ms. Whitaker replied that only a small portion of the parking area had cameras.

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217 Mr. Gaffney asked about the eagle's nest across the reservoir.

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219 Ms. Whitaker replied no.

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- 221 5. ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC
- 222 Mr. Gaffney opened the meeting to the public.

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As no one came forward to address the Board, Mr. Gaffney closed this portion of the meeting.

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- 226 6. RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS
- Mr. Gaffney stated that there were no responses to public comments.

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- 229 **7. CONSENT AGENDA**
- *a. Staff Report on Finance*

b. Staff Report on Ongoing Projects 232 233 c. Staff Report on Operations 234 235 d. Professional Services Authorization and CIP Budget Amendment: Moores Creek Wastewater 236 Facilities Master Plan; Hazen And Sawyer Engineers 237 238 e. Professional Services Authorization - Asset Management Plan, Phase 2; GHD, Inc. 239 240 241 242 Mr. Gaffney asked Board members if there are any items they would like to pull. There were none. 243 244 Mr. O'Connell asked if an update could be provided on wholesale meters. 245 246 Mr. Mawyer stated that they have been working on the wholesale meter project for some time 247 and experts have helped with it. He stated that the week prior, a calibration firm calibrated the 248 meters. He stated that they have 25 total meters and 20 have passed calibration now, 3 have 249 failed and attempts are being made to determine why, one has a problem with a test port, and one 250 is on its way back from the factory to be reinstalled and tested. 251 252 Mr. Gaffney asked Mr. Mawyer if, on the list of projects, it would be possible to note if the 253 projects have had any changes to their write-ups since the last meeting. He stated that he ends up 254 reading the project completely each month and if it hasn't changed, he doesn't realize until he's 255 read it. 256 257 Ms. Galvin noted that they used to bold anything that was new. 258 259 Mr. Mawyer stated that the current status is intended to be new every month unless a project is 260 on hold. He stated that the updates could be bolded. 261 262 Mr. Gaffney suggested that on-hold projects be noted as such. 263 264 Mr. Mawyer suggested that anything that isn't current is moved into the history section. He 265 asked if this was what Mr. Gaffney meant. 266 267 Mr. Gaffney replied yes. 268 269 Mr. O'Connell asked if Mr. Mawyer could speak more about the Wastewater Master Plan, noting 270 that it was a CIP item and asking if there were concerns about capacity. 271 272 Mr. Mawyer stated that there were no concerns and that it was determining what is needed over 273 the next 50 years. He stated that the Urban Water Master Plan is being done for 50 years in 274 advance and commensurate with that, they are looking at which wastewater facilities have needs. 275 He stated that they considered putting an addition on the Administration building and want to 276 make sure they program all the wastewater facilities for the next 50 years before they plan any 277

Administration building changes. He stated that it is purely a planning document and there were 278 no concerns about immediate capacity issues. 279

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Mr. O'Connell asked if they were getting rock boring on McIntire Road for the Schenks Branch 281 project. 282

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Mr. Mawyer replied this was correct. He stated that they were getting borings at the baseball field to determine the rock profile through the field and street, and that the information would be provided to the Board as a comparison to help decide which path to take for that project.

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Mr. Schiller stated that geophysical analysis was done the week prior, which was non-destructive and was completed for both the road and the ball field alignment. He stated that they would be going there again the week of September 9 to do a few borings to correlate and create a profile, and that the report would be complete in October.

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Dr. Palmer moved that the Board approve the Consent Agenda. The motion was seconded by Ms. Galvin and passed unanimously (5-0). Ms. Hildebrand and Mr. Richardson were absent from the meeting and the vote.

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7. **OTHER BUSINESS**

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Presentation and Request for Approval: University of Virginia Rowing Team and Rivanna Rowing Club Waiver Extension - Kevin Sauer, Head Coach, UVA Women's Rowing Team Mr. Kevin Sauer thanked the Board for allowing him to present. He praised the efforts of a particular company UVA has been working with for the past three years to get the new electric motor, and that they are the first rowing company in the United States to have this.

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Mr. Sauer noted that UVA has secured \$85,000 in funds from a foundation, and the UVA Athletic Department has promised \$75,000. He stated that there has been a huge investment of time, money, and effort to make this work. He noted it was in beta testing for the company in Seattle, and that he was informed the day prior that the company has approached two engineers from Tesla, which he found to be impressive.

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Mr. Sauer indicated to the Board the size of the battery, noting the battery alone was \$8,500. He stated that the motor itself is \$6,000, with a charging system of about \$2,000, totaling \$16,000-\$17,000 for the power plant per motorboat, which was a significant investment. He explained they have the motorboats they need and that they just need to buy the power plants.

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Mr. Sauer presented two pictures showing the outfit, which was put on the day prior by the 316 company. He stated that it was tested and pointed to a picture of the motor, noting that it was not very big. He showed a picture of the battery, noting its size, and the line that connects it. He stated that a 200-amp service was brought to the dock the year prior so that the charging can be done at the dock, noting that there was beta testing being done relating to this as well.

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Mr. Sauer played some videos of what the launch looks like in operation. He pointed out the 322 motor and the battery, and the engine in operation taking off from the dock, noting how quickly 323 it came to speed. He stated that the motorboat he has currently, which has a gasoline engine, was 324

outrun by the new motors. He mentioned there was minimum wake and that helped with erosion control, as had been discussed in years past. He stated that this was the first time he felt confident that they have the ability to have a power plant that will keep up with the rowing shells for safety and coaching reasons. He also noted that UVA received this before the University of Washington (in Seattle) got one.

Mr. Sauer noted again that they are in beta testing, and that \$42,000 was invested so far. He stated that the women's program is the "guinea pig," and the men's program is watching closely. He stated that he could not promise exactly how long it would take to get everything outfitted, but that testing would continue, and the final product would arrive in the spring, with at least two, and one more each year (possibly more).

Ms. Galvin asked about maintenance and what happens if it breaks down.

Mr. Sauer replied that he asked the same question the day prior, as there are not many people who work on them. He explained that it is a very simple process and because it's an electric motor, there is no carburetor or cooling system. He noted that a tech on the East Coast would be available to help during R&D, adding that UVA has budgeted to have a spare motor and a spare battery if one is down. He stated that he also offered to send his boat repairman to Seattle to learn the system, but the company assured him that there was nothing that he would need to know besides the electric engineering between the battery, motor, and throttle.

Mr. Sauer stated that one of the videos had sound associated, and the actual wind of the boat going 15 mph produced more sound than the motor itself. He noted this would be great for the rowers and coaches.

Mr. Gaffney asked how many launches there would be.

Mr. Sauer replied that they would like to eventually have 10 up and running across the UVA women's and men's teams and Rivanna Rowing Club. He stated that he confirmed with the company that they would have enough amperage at the boathouse to get charging stations for all the motors. He stated that his hope was in five years, they would have everyone up to speed.

Mr. Gaffney asked if all the bass boaters would want these.

Mr. Sauer recognized that as soon as they would see the new motor, they would likely want it, and wasn't sure if this would cause problems or not. He stated that the owners of the company were rowers, and that bass fishing (which is a \$20 million industry) would likely follow with this type of motor. He noted it is cost-restrictive, but that some of the bass boats are expensive and could go in this direction. He stated that the disadvantage is that this motor typically goes 20-25 mph and when the bass boats want to go fast, it's typically at about 80 mph. He expressed doubt that the high-tech bass fishermen would be interested, but that some boaters on the reservoir may want to invest in it, again stating that it was expensive.

Mr. O'Connell asked how long Mr. Sauer had been coaching.

Mr. Sauer replied that he was in his 43rd year of college coaching and his 32nd year at UVA.

Ms. Galvin asked if Mr. Sauer wanted to purchase as many of the motors as he could today, how many would he want.

Mr. Sauer replied 10 at maximum, noting that this was all that was needed across all the programs. He stated that doing the math, with the boats, it's about a \$160,000 investment.

Ms. Galvin asked if others schools (such as the University of Richmond and VCU) would be interested.

Mr. Sauer replied yes, explaining that he has already started to receive phone calls. He stated that the video was posted to social media the day prior and that he had already received about 3-4 calls.

Ms. Galvin stated that her son is a volunteer coach for VCU's rowing team and would love it.

Mr. Sauer noted that even people who don't have restrictions are interested in the product because of the environmental aspects, making it very popular. He stated that he was glad that the project was finally happening.

Dr. Palmer moved that the Board authorize the Executive Director to expand UVA's waiver to August 2021 to allow the use of gasoline-powered safety and coaching launches by the UVA Women's and Men's Rowing Teams and the Rivanna Rowing Team, subject to UVA agreeing to other conditions and what RWSA deems necessary to protect the treatment of water supply and the quality of the South Fork Rivanna Reservoir to include continued research on electric motor technology. The motion was seconded by Ms. Galvin and passed unanimously (5-0). Ms. Hildebrand and Mr. Richardson were absent from the meeting and the vote.

Mr. Mawyer noted that one interesting point that was reviewed was that the prohibition on combustion engines on the reservoirs is a County ordinance requirement, but the ordinance delegates authority to the RWSA Board to authorize waivers.

Mr. Sauer stated that regarding the maintenance of each reservoir in the County, he gets a 5-gallon bucket per practice of trash, and he tells all the other coaches that there is a 5-gallon bucket on the front of each boat and asks them to pick up any trash they see.

b. Presentation: Major Construction Projects and Value Engineering Update
 Mr. Scott Schiller, Engineering Manager, began his presentation by reviewing completed
 projects.

- Mr. Schiller stated that the Crozet Finished Water Pump Station was done to increase the
- capacity in the pump station from 1 MGD to 1.6 MGD and to replace old infrastructure from the
- 1960s. He stated that the project was completed in June 2019, noting construction had been

extended for quite awhile and that it was ready to be expanded in the future as the plant 416 continues to upgrade and expand its capacity. 417

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Dr. Palmer asked when Mr. Schiller believed it would be needed to expand it beyond the 1.6 419 420 MGD.

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Ms. Whitaker replied it would be in 2032. 422

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Dr. Palmer asked if she meant the project would be completed by then or would be starting then. 424

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Ms. Whitaker replied that the expansion accounted for future capacity upgrades. 426

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- Mr. Schiller spoke to the project for the Birdwood raw water main located along the side of the 428 golf course, explaining that 5,900 linear feet of 36-inch raw water main had been installed as part 429 of the future South Rivanna Reservoir to Ragged Mountain Reservoir transfer line. He stated that 430 all pipe work was completed in June 2019, but reports show 99% complete as there are still some 431 negotiations associated with permanent seeding with the UVA Foundation. He stated that the 432
- pipe is installed, and the easement areas are fairly well restored. 433

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- Mr. Schiller stated that regarding the Sugar Hollow Reservoir to Ragged Mountain Reservoir 435
- Transfer Flow Meter, the project expanded as it was developed, with an existing, older Venturi 436
- style flow meter that was replaced and a new automatically controlled flow isolation valve, 437
- which now will allow for the transfer of water from Sugar Hollow to Ragged Mountain remotely 438
- as opposed to being physically present to slowly open the valve throughout the course of the day. 439
- He stated that with direction from the City, many of the outbuildings that were there were 440
- removed. He stated that a shed and a barn were also demolished and removed, as well as a 441
- couple buildings related to the water line and old facilities that were removed as well. 442

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Mr. Schiller presented a picture of what the area looks like presently, noting that it has been 444 cleared. 445

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- Mr. Schiller stated that the Piney Mountain Tank Rehabilitation was completed in July 2019 and was put back into operation the first week of August. He stated that it involved some structural repairs to the roof as well as fully sand blasting and recoating the interior, in addition to some retouch work on the exterior. He stated that week, there were some punch list items done outside
- 450
- of the tank, noting that the tank is in operation and everything is complete otherwise. 451

- Mr. Schiller stated that there are some projects currently under construction. He stated that the 453
- major current project is the Crozet Water Treatment Plant Expansion, which is to increase the 454
- capacity of the plant by modernizing the existing equipment. He stated that the footprint of the 455
- site is limited and capacity is trying to be maximized within the space that is available. He stated 456
- that powder activated carbon contactors are being added, plate settlers installed into the 457
- sedimentation basins, the chemical building backwash storage is being added and filters are 458
- being rebuilt among other general improvements. He stated that the project is approaching the 459
- 460 first major milestone and the rest of the work is scheduled to be complete by May of 2020.

Mr. Schiller stated that the Moores Creek Digester Coating is a project to seal the internal roof of the digestor to improve odor control and gas collection and to stop any structural degradation occurring from the sludge that it's storing. He stated that they have completed the coatings on Digesters 1 and 2 and are currently working on Digester 3. He stated that unfortunately, Digester 3 does not seem to be taking the initial coating, as well as the additional coatings that were tried, so designers and contractors are being consulted to determine the best way to move forward. He stated that based upon this process, they are estimating completion by summer of 2020.

Ms. Galvin asked about Digester 3 not taking the coating.

Mr. Schiller explained that pull tests are performed on the coating to determine if it is adhering to the concrete. He stated that four tests have been done on the original coating product, and one on a second coating product, and none of the pull tests have held. He noted the digestors were all built at the same time and have the same coating, but for some reason the concrete in Digester 3 doesn't want to accept the coating. He stated that they are looking into other options as far as what they can do to make this work.

Mr. Schiller stated that a coating project has been started at Glenmore Wastewater Facility to recoat the metal components of the secondary clarifiers at that plant. He stated that the coatings are over 10 years old and they needed to recoated to protect them against further metal deterioration. He stated that this is currently being prepped for coating, which should be done by Winter 2019.

Mr. Schiller stated that there were other projects that would soon start construction, noting the Scottsville Water Treatment Plant Finished Water Flow Meter project. He stated that currently, finished flow is determined by using the run time calculation, which is not the most accurate method, and so a finished flow meter will be put in to provide better data. He stated that in order to do this, some of the finished water piping will be modified to shoehorn in a flow meter. He stated that there is a signed contract now, so the project will begin shortly, with an estimated completion of Spring 2020.

Mr. Schiller stated that the Bucks Elbow Ground Storage Tank project and system improvements looks to boost chlorine at this location and that the current chlorine feed process is a generally labor-intensive process, with multiple people involved to haul equipment out to the site. He stated that in order to make this a less labor-intensive process, a permanent chemical feed system will be installed, which will be in building off to the side with a permanent piping connection to the top of the tank. He stated that they are in the midst of signing contracts for this and that it has an estimated completion of Spring 2020.

Dr. Palmer asked about the location.

503 Mr. Schiller replied it is northwest of town proper.

Mr. O'Connell asked if you pass by Mint Springs to get there.

Ms. Terry stated that it was just before Mint Springs.

Mr. Schiller stated that the Moores Creek Aluminum Slide Gates Replacement Project is to replace slide gates at the Moores Creek Pump Station as well as the UV facility. He stated that the Moores Creek project would require almost a full bypass of the flow coming in to the Moores Creek pump station, so this would be done after getting through dealing with the UV facility. He stated that the bid package for this work was advertised in August 2019 and the bids should be received on September 5.

Mr. Mawyer asked if Mr. Schiller could point to the gates.

Mr. Schiller indicated on a picture to the aluminum slide gates that will be replaced. He stated that there has been some degradation and noted it was a difficult working environment, especially in the UV facility. He stated that these gates would be replaced by June 2020 and that the full project budget was \$470,000.

Mr. Schiller recalled that with the Security Enhancement Project, approval had been asked for the previous month for an access control implementer. He stated that the contract is being finalized and signed, and then the project will be moving into access control at the main facilities (Moores Creek facility, South Rivanna, Observatory, and Crozet). He stated that with access control, this would include all the exterior doors, motorized gates, and some of the interior doors. He stated that as these are worked on, this would be rolled into other facilities, as well as some other security enhancements, as budget allows. He noted there is currently a \$1 million budget and that the full completion schedule accounts for all the facilities that would potentially get incorporated.

Mr. Schiller stated that related to the earlier question, part of the situation is determining if there is a system that can be operated remotely at some of the facilities as far as opening and closing the gates.

Mr. Schiller stated that he would speak about projects that are near completion of the design phase and upcoming construction projects. He showed a picture of the Crozet flow equalization tank on the wastewater system in Crozet, which will be located next to the existing Pump Station #4. He stated that the intent of the tank is to shave off the peak of the wet weather events so as not to impact the capacity of downstream sewer systems as a result of that process. He stated that this was identified and confirmed as being needed during the 2016 study. He stated that it will have a one million-gallon capacity and there would be some improvements to the pump station as well. He stated that advertising is estimated to start Fall 2019 and that construction should begin Winter 2019, with an expected completion of 2021, and a budget of \$4.6 million.

Mr. Schiller stated that for the South Rivanna and Observatory Water Treatment Plants, there are long-awaited overall improvements within this major project. He stated that it will increase the capacity of Observatory to 10 MGD and that this will be done through installation of plate settlers into two sedimentation basins, as well as rebuilding the filters. He stated that the backwash pumps will also be replaced, with a new building being created for them adjacent to the filter room. He stated that they will replace the settled water flume and build a new chemical

building. He presented a rendering of the new chemical building that will be located next to the existing chemical building.

Mr. Schiller stated that for South Rivanna, there are general improvements that will be done there associated with the new chemical storage building for alum and fluoride, raw water and finished water pumping improvements, and the addition of two new filters. He stated that a new administration building will be constructed as well. He presented a rendering that showed the extension of the two additional filters onto the existing filter buildings, with new exits that will be necessary as a result of the extended area. He stated that construction would begin Winter 2019 with a completion of 2023.

Mr. Schiller stated that the estimated budget for the South Rivanna and Observatory project is \$40.5 million, which accounts for the option to add four additional GAC vessels at Observatory. He noted the capital budget hasn't been increased for that purpose, but it will likely be included as an alternate item in the bid to see what the cost would be, and then it would be brought to the Board to determine if it is a fair value.

Mr. Schiller stated that for this project, they also performed a value engineering project in April of 2019. He explained that this was done in accordance with RWSA policy and that if a project is over \$5 million in total capital costs, a value engineering workshop is done. He stated that SEH is the design engineer and that they participated, as well as Hazen and Sawyer and others, over the course of four days, with multiple site visits to review field conditions. He stated that they came up with a number of enhancements and identified an amount just short of \$800,000 in cost savings, which included removal of a high service pump they felt they did not need.

Dr. Palmer asked about the high service pump.

 Mr. Schiller stated that there was an option to have a fifth high service pump, explaining that it feeds the water into the urban system so that the treated water from the plant gets pushed into the system. He stated that it was determined that the fifth pump was not needed. He stated that they also made sure to size buildings appropriately to make sure they were not creating too much square footage, and so there were cost savings there as well. He stated that they also discussed optimizing HVAC needs and about which areas need or need not be conditioned, and that this also resulted in cost reduction.

Mr. Schiller stated that in addition to cost reductions, enhancements and improvements were identified. He stated that there is a need to ensure an appropriate plant water supply for the plant water system at Observatory, as raw water is needed to make finished water. He stated that they also evaluated the power transfer process at South Rivanna and its open and close transitions to ensure the impact on operators is diminished when there is a loss of power and the plant has to be brought back into operation. He noted that these improvements will increase the overall value of the project.

Mr. Schiller stated that the Route 29 pump station and North Rivanna transmission main will be used to provide a reliable and redundant source of water for the North Rivanna area. He mentioned the term "Kohls pump" which will be permanently replaced by this pump station, and

it will be a permanent transfer location for water from the more urban, South Rivanna side of the system up to the north system. He stated that it is located in the Hollymead Town Center and is part of the future development of what will eventually be the Airport Pressure Zone. He referenced the site plan, explaining where the ground storage tanks would be located as well as the booster pump. He stated that construction is anticipated to begin in Fall 2020 and completing sometime in 2022, noting that the design phase is just beginning for this project.

Mr. Schiller stated that there were projects relating to dams and mentioned the Sugar Hollow Dam - Rubber Crest Gate Replacement and Intake Tower Repairs project. He stated that the rubber dam is 20 years old and at the end of its serviceable life, so it will be replaced. He presented a picture of when it was being installed, and the bladder in operation that would be replaced on top of the concrete structure. He stated that the intake tower would also be evaluated and addressing some of the issues associated with the tower. He stated that this work will start in Summer 2020, to be completed in 2021.

Mr. Schiller stated that there would be gate repairs to the South Rivanna dam. He stated that this would either repair or replace the 36" slide gates at both the north and south gate locations. He stated that they would also work on improving access to the north tower, noting that it is daunting to currently access it and that they would devise some way to access it more safely. He stated that there will also be minor repairs associated with the concrete face of the raw water pump station. He stated that this was estimated to start in Summer 2020.

Dr. Palmer stated that when the UVA Foundation did the erosion control at the Birdwood Golf Course, they used an erosion control matting that contains plastic. She stated that when she visited the site, there were a number of things trapped in it, including black snakes and small reptiles. She stated that there were many alternatives that exist for erosion control matting and that some of the UVA Foundation and UVA people had already been looking at alternatives, but they weren't requiring them at this point. She stated that she was told that they will, except for in certain situations where it is not appropriate, such as on steep slopes. She stated that the County stated that they would not use the plastic anymore, except in extreme situations where they have to.

Mr. Mawyer stated that he would look into alternative materials. He asked Mr. Schiller to introduce his staff.

Mr. Schiller introduced Michelle Simpson, Austin Marrs, Victoria Fort, and Dyon Vega.

Mr. Mawyer recognized the staff, who made up the team who manages the projects, noting that they have about 60 projects they are currently working on in various phases. He stated that there was a lot of work going on in Engineering and Maintenance, explaining that this was the engineering side of that division.

Ms. Galvin noted this was all based on building out the water supply plan, which was based on population buildup and numbers that were generated by AECOM. She asked when this took place.

Mr. Mawyer replied it was in 2010.

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Ms. Galvin asked if there has been an update on the population numbers.

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Mr. Mawyer replied that this was being done currently. He stated that they are receiving information from Weldon Cooper, County Planning, City Planning, and UVA.

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Ms. Galvin asked if she could see the numbers from 2010 compared to the final buildout. She stated that this is becoming a major issue in the City regarding what their buildout number is.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that RWSA goes by what those departments tell them, to a large degree.

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Dr. Palmer stated that it was done every 10 years.

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Mr. Mawyer agreed and stated that every 10 years, they measure how much water they have in the reservoirs, and they estimate the demand for the next 50 years and make sure there is enough water to cover that demand. He stated that there would be a report available to the Board sometime between December 2019 and Spring 2020.

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Dr. Palmer noted the growth in the City has become a big part of this and responding to some of the changes that are being seen.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that Ms. Simpson was working on this project and working to schedule meetings with all the parties involved.

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9. OTHER ITEMS FROM BOARD/STAFF NOT ON AGENDA

Dr. Palmer stated that one of the members of the Board of Supervisors recently expressed concerns to her about the defunct RWSA structure near Lambs Road and was glad to find out that it would be removed. She stated that this brought up the question of if there is an inventory of other defunct infrastructure that some people may consider an eyesore.

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Mr. Mawyer replied that they do plan to remove the structure. He stated that they had two clarifiers on the Moores Creek plant and that they were crafting a plan to remove them. He stated that the old Mechums River pump station is defunct and needs to beremoved. He stated that there is a plan to get a preliminary estimate to remove all the facilities and when RWSA comes to the Board for the CIP in the Spring, they will see how the projects fit in the priorities and funding.

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Dr. Palmer suggested that the ones that are in the urban areas and more visible would be higher priority.

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Mr. Mawyer stated that the two on Lambs Road were evaluated along with School Facilities, and they agreed that they should be removed. He stated that there is a pump station there that needs to be rebuilt, along with easements for the Rivanna-to-Ragged Mountain pipeline.

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Ms. Galvin recalled that there used to be regular reports about the condition of the algae blooms in the reservoirs and facilities. She stated that the reason this was coming up was reports about

domesticated animals ingesting river bacteria that is connected with the algae, becoming sick and dying. She asked if there was any understanding about how this is impacting the operations of

RWSA and what is being done about this.

Ms. Terry replied that RWSA's monitoring program is extremely proactive and because of that, when these events occur, they know that the reservoir had just been sampled to determine what was in it. She stated that the week prior, two treatments were done (one at Beaver Creek and one at South Rivanna), and that the one at South Rivanna tested for toxins associated with the bluegreen algae because it was at a level that was much higher than the treatment level. She stated that the treatment level is 10,000 cells per milliliter and that it had gotten up to 65,000 at South Rivanna. She stated that toxins were tested at South Rivanna and that they did not have any hits.

Mr. Mawyer asked how frequently this is monitored.

 Ms. Terry stated that they have it set up to monitor every other week (mainly for Beaver Creek and South Rivanna) and that Ragged Mountain and Totier can be more spread out. She stated that it has been weekly at Beaver Creek for awhile now, and they are upping the frequency on South Rivanna as well.

Dr. Palmer stated that it was her understanding regarding the incident that was reported for Chris Greene Lake, the dog died the following day and the owner stated that the dog had been to Chris Greene Lake but that there was no direct correlation with anything that the dog ingested. She stated that it was out of an abundance of caution that the County decided to close it to test it. She asked if there was any update on Mint Springs.

Ms. Terry replied that she did not, acknowledging that they were closed. She asked if Chris Greene is still open.

Dr. Palmer replied that it is open. She stated that Mint Springs was closed down for the rest of the year. She stated that she was unsure if they found toxins, but they found algae. She wanted to know if they had come to a next step in the investigation.

Ms. Terry replied that she did not know. She noted that regarding the dog that died after being in the Rivanna River, this was not an algae-related event but a different kind of illness.

Mr. Mawyer stated that the reservoirs are regularly monitored for algae.

- **10. Adjournment**
- At 3:35 p.m., Dr. Palmer moved to adjourn the meeting of the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority. The motion was seconded by Ms. Galvin and passed unanimously (5-0). Mr.
- Richardson and Ms. Hildebrand were absent from the meeting and the vote.

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MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL: COMMUNICATION AND COLLABORATION

Community Outreach

Staff will participate in the United Way's "Day of Caring" event by cleaning a trail for Camp Holiday Trails on September 25th.

I attended the Virginia Association of Municipal Wastewater Agencies (VAMWA) quarterly meeting in Richmond this month.

I met with the Blue Ridge Home Builders Association to inform the group about our long-range community water supply plan including the pipeline planned to connect South Rivanna and Ragged Mtn Reservoirs.

STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL: INFRASTRUCTURE AND MASTER PLANNING

Buck Mountain Property Master Plan

A scope of work and fees are being developed with the selected consultant.

South Rivanna to Ragged Mountain Water Line

Meetings are in progress with private property owners, UVA Foundation, VDOT, and Albemarle School Board staff about locations for the water line easements. Field surveying, easement appraisals and offers to acquire easements are underway.

Observatory Water Treatment Plant Lease

We recently met with UVA staff and have reduced the list of items to be resolved. Discussions continue.

Observatory and South Rivanna WTP Upgrade Project

We are having an informational meeting with contractors on September 26, 2019 to encourage interest in the project.

Wholesale Water Master Metering

20 of 25 meters are currently functional. One meter and one meter test port will be replaced during the week of September 23rd. Following completion of that work, all 5 remaining

meters will have the calibration verified. The system should be substantially completed and placed into operation in October, with the initial water usage report in November.

STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL: WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

We have coordinated with PVCC to provide a Project Management training program for our staff in October.

Safety and management training programs are being provided at no cost from our new property and liability insurance provider, the Virginia Risk Sharing Association

Group Long Term Care Insurance is being offered to staff by the Virginia Retirement System, with Genworth Life Insurance Company as the provider.



MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: LONNIE WOOD, DIRECTOR OF FINANCE AND

ADMINISTRATION

BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR **REVIEWED:**

AUGUST MONTHLY FINANCIAL SUMMARY – FY 2020 SUBJECT:

DATE: **SEPTEMBER 24, 2019**

Urban Water flow and rate revenues are 17% over budget estimates for July through August, and Urban Wastewater flow and rate revenues are 5.5% over budget. Revenues and expenses are summarized in the table below:

	Urban Water	Urban Wastewater	Total Other Rate Centers	Total Authority
Operations				
Revenues	\$1,405,969	\$ 1,581,010	\$ 376,782	\$ 3,363,761
Expenses	(1,242,058)	(1,403,995)	(296,496)	(2,942,549)
Surplus (deficit)	\$ 163,911	\$ 177,015	\$ 80,286	\$ 421,212
Debt Service Revenues Expenses Surplus (deficit)	\$1,116,161 (1,133,250) \$ (17,089)	\$ 1,551,547 (1,456,432) \$ 95,115	\$ 250,508 (249,853) \$ 655	\$ 2,918,216 (2,839,535) \$ 78,681
Total Revenues Expenses Surplus (deficit)	\$ 2,522,130 (2,375,308) \$ 146,822	\$ 3,132,557 (2,860,427) \$ 272,130	\$ 627,290 (546,349) \$ 80,941	\$ 6,281,977 (5,782,084) \$ 499,893

Urban Wastewater received the annual Nutrient Exchange Credit of \$78,763 and billed Albemarle County for the annual septage receiving support of \$109,441 in July.

Some expense categories are over the prorated year-to-date budget as follows, but should even out over the course of the year compared to budget estimates, unless otherwise noted:

A. Personnel Costs (Urban Water, Urban Wastewater, Administration, Engineering – pages 2, 5, 8, 11) – The annual contributions to health savings accounts and wages paid to summer interns are causing this category to exceed the prorated budget for the year and will even out as the fiscal year progresses.

- B. Professional Services (Urban Wastewater page 5) Urban Wastewater spent \$13,900 for engineering and technical services to develop a comprehensive lighting plan for Moores Creek AWRRF.
- C. Other Services and Charges (Urban Water page 2) Urban Water is over the prorated budget due to the \$15,000 annual contribution to the Rivanna Conservation Alliance related to watershed management, and utilities are running high. These are budgeted items, so the budget vs. actual will likely even out over the fiscal year.
- D. Communications (Urban Water, Maintenance pages 2, 9) The annual payment to the County of Albemarle for Rivanna's share of the radio system maintenance cost has pushed some rate centers over the prorated budget. This is a budgeted item, so the budget vs. actual will even out over the fiscal year.
- E. Information Technology (Administration, Engineering pages 8, 11) Administration paid \$25,000 for the annual ArcGIS software license agreement, and Engineering made a \$15,000 purchase of a mobile form application for GIS software. These are budgeted items, so the budget vs. actual will even out over the fiscal year.
- F. Operations & Maintenance (Urban Wastewater, Administration pages 5, 8) Urban Wastewater is over the prorated budget on pump station maintenance costs. The Administration department paid \$12,600 in July for some heating and air conditioning work in the Administration building.
- G. Equipment Purchases (Urban Water page 2) Urban Water is over the prorated budget for small equipment purchases.

Attachments

Rivanna Water & Sewer Authority Monthly Financial Statements - August 2019 Fiscal Year 2020

Consolidated Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Y	Budget ear-to-Date	Y	Actual ear-to-Date	,	Budget vs. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
ı	Notes									
Revenues				_		_		_		
Operations Rate Revenue Lease Revenue		\$	17,381,293 100.000	\$	2,896,882 16,667	\$	3,174,760 15,158	\$	277,878	9.59% -9.05%
Admin., Maint. & Engineering Revenue			478,000		79.667		79,930		(1,508) 263	0.33%
Other Revenues			562,478		93,746		163,456		69,710	74.36%
Use of Reserves			667,000		111,167		-		(111,167)	-100.00%
Interest Allocation			31,500		5,250		10,386		5,136	97.84%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	19,220,271	\$	3,203,379	\$	3,443,691	\$	240,312	7.50%
_										
Expenses Personnel Cost	Α	\$	8,760,078	¢	1,378,904	Φ	1,436,548	Φ.	(57,644)	-4.18%
Professional Services	В	φ	666,050	φ	1,376,904	φ	85,600	φ	25,408	-4.167 22.89%
Other Services & Charges	C		2,980,612		496,769		426.590		70,178	14.13%
Communications	D		142,593		23,766		42,984		(19,218)	-80.87%
Information Technology	Ε		352,750		58,792		79,346		(20,554)	-34.96%
Supplies			46,180		7,697		3,995		3,702	48.10%
Operations & Maintenance	F		5,069,478		844,913		749,159		95,754	11.33%
Equipment Purchases	G		359,550		59,925		57,757		2,168	3.62%
Depreciation Reserve Transfers			843,000		140,500		140,500		-	0.00%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	19,220,291	\$	3,122,273	\$	3,022,479	\$	99,794	3.20%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(20)	\$	81,105	\$	421,212	:		
Debt Service Budget vs. Actual										
Revenues										
Debt Service Rate Revenue		\$	15,861,022	\$	2,643,504	\$	2,643,504	\$	0	0.00%
Septage Receiving Support - County			109,440		18,240		109,441		91,201	500.01%
Buck Mountain Surcharge			125,900		20,983		-		(20,983)	-100.00%
Buck Mountain Lease Revenue			1,600		267		2,001		1,734	650.22%
Trust Fund Interest Reserve Fund Interest			158,200 690,000		26,367 115,000		32,730 130,540		6,363 15,540	24.13% 13.51%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	16,946,162	\$	2,824,360	\$	2,918,216	\$	93,855	3.32%
Debt Service Costs										
Total Principal & Interest		\$	14,473,236	\$	2,412,206	\$	2,412,206	\$	-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-Interest		r	690,000	ŕ	115,000	•	130,540	•	(15,540)	-13.51%
Debt Service Ratio Charge			725,000		120,833		120,833		-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-CIP Growth			1,055,725		175,954		175,954		-	0.00%
Total Debt Service Costs		\$	16,943,961 2,201	<u>\$</u>	2,823,994 367	<u>\$</u>	2,839,534 78,682	\$	(15,540)	-0.55%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		-	2,201	Ą	301	Ą	70,002	:		
			Summar	у						
Total Revenues		\$	36,166,433	\$	6,027,739	\$	6,361,906	\$	334,167	5.54%
Total Expenses			36,164,252		5,946,267	_	5,862,013		84,254	1.42%
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	2,181	\$	81,472	\$	499,893	-		

<u>Urban Water Rate Center</u> Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Ye	Budget ear-to-Date	γ	Actual 'ear-to-Date	١	Budget /s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual	Natas									
Revenues	Notes									
Operations Rate Revenue Lease Revenue Miscellaneous		\$	7,118,541 70,000	\$	1,186,424 11,667	\$	1,390,452 11,186	\$	204,028 (480)	17.20% -4.12%
Use of Reserves Interest Allocation			600,000 13,200		100,000 2,200		- 4,331		(100,000) 2,131	-100.00% 96.87%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	7,801,741	\$	1,300,290	\$	1,405,969	\$	105,679	8.13%
Expenses										
Personnel Cost Professional Services	Α	\$	1,861,134 207,200	\$	294,246 34,533	\$	309,297 15,705	\$	(15,051) 18,828	-5.12% 54.52%
Other Services & Charges	C		574,963		95,827		118,429		(22,602)	-23.59%
Communications Information Technology	D		65,100 77,000		10,850 12,833		16,330 3,052		(5,480) 9,781	-50.51% 76.22%
Supplies			6,100		1,017		845		171	16.84%
Operations & Maintenance			2,356,590		392,765		317,363		75,402	19.20%
Equipment Purchases	G		50,500		8,417		17,092		(8,675)	-103.07%
Depreciation Reserve Transfers			300,000		50,000		50,000		-	0.00%
Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	5,498,587	\$	900,488	\$	848,113	\$	52,375	5.82%
Allocation of Support Departments			2,303,155		364,648		393,945		(29,297)	-8.03%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	7,801,742	\$	1,265,136	\$	1,242,058	\$	23,078	1.82%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(1)	\$	35,154	\$	163,911	=		
Revenues Debt Service Rate Revenue Trust Fund Interest Reserve Fund Interest Buck Mountain Surcharge Lease Revenue Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	6,178,598 54,000 387,000 125,900 1,600 6,747,098	\$	1,029,766 9,000 64,500 20,983 267 1,124,516	\$	1,029,766 11,161 73,233 - 2,001 1,116,161	\$	(0) 2,161 8,733 (20,983) 1,734 (8,356)	0.00% 24.01% 13.54% -100.00% 650.22% -0.74%
										_
Debt Service Costs Total Principal & Interest Reserve Additions-Interest Debt Service Ratio Charge Reserve Additions-CIP Growth Total Debt Service Costs		\$	5,223,498 387,000 400,000 736,600 6,747,098	\$	870,583 64,500 66,667 122,767 1,124,516		870,583 73,233 66,667 122,767 1,133,249	\$	(8,733) - - (8,733)	0.00% -13.54% 0.00% 0.00% -0.78%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,089)	=		
		Ra	te Center S	Sun	nmary					
Total Revenues Total Expenses		\$	14,548,839 14,548,840	\$	2,424,807 2,389,653	\$	2,522,129 2,375,307	\$	97,323 14,345	4.01% 0.60%
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(1)	\$	35,154	\$	146,822			
Costs per 1000 Gallons Operating and DS		\$	2.30 4.28			\$	1.87 3.58			
Thousand Gallons Treated			3,397,700		566,283		663,700		97,417	17.20%
or Flow (MGD)			9.309				10.705			

<u>Crozet Water Rate Center</u> Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Ye	Budget ear-to-Date		Actual ear-to-Date		Budget s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
	Notes									
Revenues										
Operations Rate Revenue		\$	1,028,808	\$	171,468	\$	171,468	\$	-	0.00%
Lease Revenues			30,000		5,000		3,972		(1,028)	-20.56%
Use of Reserves Interest Allocation			52,000		8,667		602		(8,667)	-100.00%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	1,800 1,112,608	\$	300 185,435	\$	176,042	\$	(9, 392)	100.80% - 5.07%
, -		Ψ	1,112,000	Ψ	100,400	Ψ	170,042	Ψ	(3,332)	-3.07 /6
Expenses										
Personnel Cost		\$	300,589	\$	47,545	\$	48,961	\$	(1,416)	-2.98%
Professional Services			12,850		2,142		-		2,142	100.00%
Other Services & Charges			137,816		22,969		12,726		10,243	44.59%
Communications Information Technology			4,950 2,600		825 433		1,274 80		(449) 353	-54.47% 81.53%
Supplies			1,395		233		265		(33)	-14.00%
Operations & Maintenance			398,400		66,400		13,392		53,008	79.83%
Equipment Purchases			6,500		1,083		2,037		(954)	-88.02%
Depreciation			30,000		5,000		5,000		-	0.00%
Reserve Transfers			-		-		-		-	
Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	895,100	\$	146,630	\$	83,736	\$	62,895	42.89%
Allocation of Support Departments			217,513		34,458		37,021		(2,564)	-7.44%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	1,112,613	\$	181,088	\$	120,757	\$	60,331	33.32%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(5)	\$	4,346	\$	55,285			
Revenues Debt Service Rate Revenue Trust Fund Interest		\$	1,311,312 5,500	\$	218,552 917	\$	218,552 1,146	\$	- 229	0.00% 24.97%
Reserve Fund Interest			21,500		3,583		4,047		463	12.93%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	1,338,312	\$	223,052	\$	223,744	\$	692	0.31%
Debt Service Costs										
Total Principal & Interest Reserve Additions-Interest Reserve Additions-CIP Growth		\$	1,230,815 21,500 86,000	\$	205,136 3,583 14,333	\$	205,136 4,047 14,333	\$	(463) -	0.00% -12.93% 0.00%
Total Debt Service Costs		\$	1,338,315	\$	223,053	\$	223,516	\$	(463)	-0.21%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(3)	\$	(1)	\$	228	:		
	R	ato	Center Su	mm	narv					
	IX.	ale	Center Su		iai y					
Total Revenues Total Expenses		\$	2,450,920 2,450,928	\$	408,487 404,141	\$	399,787 344,273	\$	(8,700) 59,868	-2.13% 14.81%
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(8)	\$	4,346	\$	55,514			
Costs per 1000 Gallons Operating and DS		\$ \$	5.59 12.31			\$	2.97 8.47			
Thousand Gallons Treated			199,053		33,176		40,667		7,492	22.58%
Flow (MGD)			0.545				0.656			

<u>Scottsville Water Rate Center</u> Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Υє	Budget ear-to-Date		Actual ear-to-Date	ν	Budget rs. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
	Notes									
Revenues										
Operations Rate Revenue		\$	520,812	\$	86,802	\$	86,802	\$	-	0.00%
Use of Reserves			15,000		2,500		-	\$	(2,500)	-100.00%
Interest Allocation			800	_	133	_	270	_	137	102.54%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	536,612	\$	89,435	\$	87,072	\$	(2,363)	-2.64%
Expenses										
Personnel Cost		\$	197,349	\$	31,177	\$	31,029	\$	149	0.48%
Professional Services			20,000		3,333		-		3,333	100.00%
Other Services & Charges			33,318		5,553		2,517		3,036	54.67%
Communications			3,430		572		1,170		(599)	-104.72%
Information Technology			800		133		160		(27)	-20.05%
Supplies			410		68		142		(73)	-107.23%
Operations & Maintenance			121,340		20,223		5,099		15,124	74.79%
Equipment Purchases			3,200		533		1,561		(1,028)	-192.67%
Depreciation Reserve Transfers			20,000		3,333		3,333		(0)	0.00%
Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	399,847	\$	64,927	\$	45,011	\$	19,915	30.67%
Allocation of Support Departments		Ψ	136,770	Ψ	21,708	Ψ	22,893	Ψ	(1,186)	-5.46%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	536,617	\$	86,634	\$	67,905	\$	18,730	21.62%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(5)	\$	2,801	\$	19,167		·	
Revenues Debt Service Rate Revenue Trust Fund Interest Reserve Fund Interest		\$	128,749 1,700 8,400	\$	21,458 283 1,400	\$	21,458 327 1,566	\$	(0) 44 166	0.00% 15.51% 11.89%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	138,849	\$	23,142	\$	23,352	\$	210	0.91%
Debt Service Costs										
Total Principal & Interest		\$	129,524	\$	21,587	\$	21,587	\$	-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-Interest			8,400		1,400		1,566		(166)	
Reserve Additions-CIP Growth		•	925	•	154	•	154	•	(4.00)	0.700/
Total Debt Service Costs Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$ \$	138,849	<u>\$</u> \$	23,142	<u>\$</u> \$	23,308 44	\$	(166)	-0.72%
Dost Gol Vice Galpias/(Delicity		<u> </u>						=		
	R	ate	Center Su	ımn	nary					
Total Revenues		\$	675,461	\$	112,577	\$	110,424	\$	(2,153)	-1.91%
Total Expenses		Ψ	675,466	Ψ	109,776	Ψ	91,213	<u>.</u>	18,563	16.91%
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(5)	\$	2,801	\$	19,211	=		
Conto mon 4000 College		Φ.	20.50			Φ.	00.75			
Costs per 1000 Gallons Operating and DS		\$ \$	29.56 37.21			\$ \$	23.75 31.90			
Thousand Gallons Treated			18,151		3,025		2,859		(166)	-5.49%
or Flow (MGD)			0.050				0.046			

<u>Urban Wastewater Rate Center</u> Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Υ	Budget 'ear-to-Date	Y	Actual ear-to-Date		Budget vs. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
Revenues	Notes									
Operations Rate Revenue		\$	8,033,620	\$	1,338,937	\$	1,412,786	\$	73,850	5.52%
Stone Robinson WWTP Septage Acceptance			22,478 450,000		3,746 75,000		2,643 82,051		(1,103) 7,051	-29.45% 9.40%
Nutrient Credits			90,000		15,000		78,763		63,763	425.08%
Miscellaneous Revenue Interest Allocation			- 14,400		2,400		4,767		- 2,367	98.64%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	8,610,498	\$	1,435,083	\$	1,581,010	\$	145,927	10.17%
Expenses										
Personnel Cost	Α	\$	1,281,463	\$	202,236	\$	211,692	\$	(9,456)	-4.68%
Professional Services Other Services & Charges	В		175,000 2,030,825		29,167 338,471		40,522 268,226		(11,355) 70,245	-38.93% 20.75%
Communications			10,430		1,738		4,612		(2,874)	-165.33%
Information Technology			62,500		10,417		2,664		7,753	74.42%
Supplies	F		2,700 1,724,650		450 287,442		90 319 690		360 (31,238)	79.92% -10.87%
Operations & Maintenance Equipment Purchases	Г		77,500		12,917		318,680 10,000		2,917	22.58%
Depreciation			470,000		78,333		78,333		(0)	0.00%
Reserve Transfers Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	5,835,068	\$	961.170	\$	934,820	\$	26,350	2.74%
Allocation of Support Departments		Ψ	2,775,430	Ψ	440,029	Ψ	469,176	Ψ	(29,147)	-6.62%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	8,610,498	\$	1,401,199	\$	1,403,996	\$	(2,797)	-0.20%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(0)	\$	33,884	\$	177,015	=		
Debt Service Budget vs. Actual										
Revenues										
Debt Service Rate Revenue		\$	8,229,143	\$	1,371,524	\$	1,371,524	\$	0	0.00%
Septage Receiving Support - County Trust Fund Interest			109,440 96,900		18,240 16,150		109,441 20,063		91,201 3,913	500.01% 24.23%
Reserve Fund Interest			266,900		44,483		50,519		6,036	13.57%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	8,702,383	\$	1,450,397	\$	1,551,547	\$	101,150	6.97%
Debt Service Costs										
Total Principal & Interest		\$	7,880,079	\$	1,313,347	\$	1,313,347	\$	-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-Interest			266,900		44,483		50,519		(6,036)	-13.57%
Debt Service Ratio Charge Reserve Additions-CIP Growth			325,000 230,400		54,167 38,400		54,167 38,400		-	0.00% 0.00%
Total Debt Service Costs		\$	8,702,379	\$	1,450,397	\$	1,456,432	\$	(6,036)	-0.42%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	4	\$	1	\$	95,115	=		
		Rat	e Center S	um	marv					
					y					
Total Revenues Total Expenses		\$	17,312,881 17,312,877	\$	2,885,480 2,851,595	\$	3,132,558 2,860,428	\$	247,077 (8,833)	8.56% -0.31%
Total Expenses			17,312,077		2,031,393		2,000,420	-	(0,033)	-0.3176
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	4	\$	33,885	\$	272,130	=		
Costs per 1000 Gallons		\$	2.54			\$	2.35			
Operating and DS		\$	5.11			\$	4.80			
Thousand Gallons Treated			3,390,400		565,067		596,364		31,297	5.54%
or			0.000				0.040			
Flow (MGD)			9.289				9.619			

Glenmore Wastewater Rate Center Revenues and Expenses Summary		II	Budget FY 2020		Budget ear-to-Date		Actual ear-to-Date		Budget s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
	Notes									
Revenues										
Operations Rate Revenue		\$	370,524	\$	61,754	\$	61,754	\$	-	0.00%
Interest Allocation			700		117		229		112	95.86%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	371,224	\$	61,871	\$	61,983	\$	112	0.18%
Expenses										
Personnel Cost		\$	95,340	\$	15,055	\$	15,659	\$	(604)	-4.01%
Professional Services			-		-		-		-	
Other Services & Charges			35,210		5,868		5,279		589	10.04%
Communications			3,000		500		864		(364)	-72.90%
Information Technology			3,700		617		-		617	100.00%
Supplies Operations & Maintenance			100 119,450		17 19,908		20,454		17 (546)	100.00% -2.74%
Equipment Purchases			2,900		483		400		83	17.24%
Depreciation			5.000		833		833		0	0.00%
Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	264,700	\$	43,281	\$	43,490	\$	(209)	-0.48%
Allocation of Support Departments			106,527		16,936		17,527		(591)	-3.49%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	371,227	\$	60,217	\$	61,017	\$	(800)	-1.33%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(3)	\$	1,654	\$	966	=		
Revenues Debt Service Rate Revenue Trust Fund Interest	•	\$	3,778 -	\$	630	\$	630 -	\$	0 -	0.05%
Reserve Fund Interest			3,100		517		653		136	26.33%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	6,878	\$	1,146	\$	1,283	\$	0	0.03%
D.1.10										
Debt Service Costs		Φ.	4 570	Φ.	000	Φ.	000	Φ.		0.000/
Total Principal & Interest Reserve Additions-CIP Growth		\$ \$	1,578 2,200	\$	263	\$	263	\$	-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-Interest		φ	3,100		517		653		(136)	-26.33%
Total Debt Service Costs		\$	6,878	\$	780	\$	916	\$	(136)	-17.45%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	-	\$	367	\$	367		(111)	
		2-4-	Comton Cu							
	r	Kate	Center Su	HHHH	агу					
Total Revenues		\$	378,102	\$	63,017	\$	63,265	\$	248	0.39%
Total Expenses		Ψ	378,105	Ψ	60,996	Ψ	61,933	Ψ	(936)	-1.53%
·					,		,	•	` ,	
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(3)	\$	2,021	\$	1,333	:		
T .		\$	9.31			\$	11.40			
Costs per 1000 Gallons										
Costs per 1000 Gallons Operating and DS		\$	9.48			\$	11.57			
					6,649	\$	11.57 5,353		(1,296)	-19.49%

Scottsville Wastewater Rate Center Revenues and Expenses Summary			Budget FY 2020	Y	Budget ear-to-Date	Y	Actual ear-to-Date	,	Budget /s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual										
	Notes									
Revenues										
Operations Rate Revenue		\$	308,988	\$	51,498	\$	51,498	\$	_	0.00%
Interest Allocation		*	600	*	100	•	187	•	87	86.96%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	309,588	\$	51,598	\$	51,685	\$	87	0.17%
Evnances										
Expenses		r.	05.266	Φ	15.050	Φ	1E 6E0	Φ	(600)	2.000/
Personnel Cost Professional Services		\$	95,366	\$	15,059 333	\$	15,659	\$	(600)	-3.98% 100.00%
			2,000 28,000		333 4,667		2,589		333 2,078	44.53%
Other Services & Charges Communications			3,930		4,007		904		(249)	-38.05%
			1,700		283		904		283	100.00%
Information Technology Supplies			25		203 4		-		203 4	100.00%
Operations & Maintenance			58,850		9,808		7,991		1,818	18.53%
Equipment Purchases			3,200		533		400		133	25.00%
Depreciation			18,000		3,000		3,000		133	0.00%
Subtotal Before Allocations		\$	211,071	\$	34,343	\$	30,543	\$	3,801	11.07%
Allocation of Support Departments		Ψ	98,523	Ψ	15,656	Ψ	16,275	Ψ	(619)	-3.95%
Total Operating Expenses		\$	309,594	\$	49,999	\$	46,817	\$	3,182	6.36%
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(6)		1,599	\$	4,868	Ψ	3,102	0.50 /0
Revenues Debt Service Rate Revenue Trust Fund Interest	l	\$	9,442 100	\$	1,574 17	\$	1,574 33	\$	0 16	0.02%
Reserve Fund Interest			3,100		517		522		6	1.07%
Total Debt Service Revenues		\$	12,642	\$	2,107	\$	2,129	\$	22	1.04%
Debt Service Costs										
Total Principal & Interest		\$	7,742	\$	1,290	\$	1,290	\$	-	0.00%
Reserve Additions-Interest			3,100		517		522		(6)	
Estimated New Principal & Interest			1,800		300		300		-	
Total Debt Service Costs		\$	12,642	\$	2,107	\$	2,113	\$	(6)	-0.26%
Debt Service Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	16	=		
		Rate	Center S	umı	mary					
			000 00	_	50 -0 -	_	FA 5. :	_		
Total Revenues		\$	322,230	\$	53,705	\$	53,814	\$	109	0.20%
Total Expenses			322,236		52,106		48,930	_	3,176	6.10%
Surplus/(Deficit)		\$	(6)	\$	1,599	\$	4,884	=		
Costs per 1000 Gallons		¢.	14.28			Φ	4445			
Operating and DS		\$ \$	14.26			\$ \$	14.15 14.79			
Operating and DO		Ψ	14.07			Ψ	14.19			
Thousand Gallons Treated or			21,677		3,613		3,308		(305)	-8.44%
Flow (MGD)			0.059				0.053			

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Administration			Budget FY 2020	Y	Budget ear-to-Date	Y	Actual ear-to-Date	Budget s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual		<u> </u>							
Revenues	Notes								
Payment for Services SWA		\$	466,000	\$	77,667	\$	77,667	\$ (0)	0.00%
Miscellaneous Revenue			2,000		333		2,263	1,930	578.92%
Total Operating Revenues		\$	468,000	\$	78,000	\$	79,930	\$ 1,930	2.47%
Expenses									
Personnel Cost	Α	\$	1,841,351	\$	288,538	\$	318,002	\$ (29,464)	-10.21%
Professional Services			229,000		38,167		26,390	`11,777 [°]	30.86%
Other Services & Charges			106,400		17,733		13,897	3,836	21.63%
Communications			18,500		3,083		3,950	(866)	-28.10%
Information Technology	E		174,250		29,042		54,783	(25,742)	-88.64%
Supplies			21,500		3,583		1,599	1,985	55.39%
Operations & Maintenance	F		64,500		10,750		25,860	(15,110)	-140.55%
Equipment Purchases			24,000		4,000		2,363	1,637	40.92%
Depreciation			-		-		-	-	
Total Operating Expenses		\$	2,479,501	\$	394,897	\$	446,844	\$ (51,948)	-13.15%

Not Oceta Allegality to Bata Ocetana		(0.044.504)	•	(040.007)	(000.04.4)	50.040	
Net Costs Allocable to Rate Centers		\$ (2,011,501)	\$	(316,897)	\$ (366,914)	\$ 50,018	-1
Allocations to the Rate Centers							
Urban Water	44.00%	\$ 885,060	\$	139,434	\$ 161,442	\$ (22,008)	
Crozet Water	4.00%	\$ 80,460		12,676	14,677	(2,001)	
Scottsville Water	2.00%	\$ 40,230		6,338	7,338	(1,000)	
Urban Wastewater	48.00%	\$ 965,520		152,110	176,119	(24,009)	
Glenmore Wastewater	1.00%	\$ 20,115		3,169	3,669	(500)	
Scottsville Wastewater	1.00%	\$ 20,115		3,169	3,669	(500)	
	100.00%	\$ 2,011,501	\$	316,897	\$ 366,914	\$ (50,018)	

Maintenance

Budget FY 2020	Budget Year-to-Date	Actual Year-to-Date	Budget vs. Actual	Variance Percentage
1 1 2020	rear-to-bate	rear-to-Date	vs. Actual	rercemage

Operating Budget vs. Actual

Notes

Revenues Payment for Services SWA			\$ 10,000				
Miscellaneous Revenue	Total Operating Revenues		\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Expenses							
Personnel Cost			\$ 1,345,633	\$ 211,734	\$ 205,437	\$ 6,297	2.97%
Professional Services			-	-	-	-	
Other Services & Charges			14,500	2,417	1,725	692	28.63%
Communications		D	17,600	2,933	8,010	(5,076)	-173.05%
Information Technology			6,500	1,083	2,250	(1,167)	-107.69%
Supplies			2,000	333	-	333	100.00%
Operations & Maintenance			77,400	12,900	12,777	123	0.95%
Equipment Purchases			147,150	24,525	20,245	4,280	17.45%
Depreciation			-	· -	-	-	
•	Total Operating Expenses		\$ 1,610,783	\$ 255,925	\$ 250,444	\$ 5,481	2.14%

Department Summary													
Net Costs Allocable to Rate Centers		\$	(1,600,783)	\$	(255,925)	\$	(250,444)	\$	(5,481)	2			
Allocations to the Rate Centers													
Urban Water	30.00%	\$	480,235	\$	76,778	\$	75,133	\$	1,644				
Crozet Water	3.50%		56,027		8,957		8,766		192				
Scottsville Water	3.50%		56,027		8,957		8,766		192				
Urban Wastewater	56.50%		904,442		144,598		141,501		3,097				
Glenmore Wastewater	3.50%		56,027		8,957		8,766		192				
Scottsville Wastewater	3.00%		48,023		7,678		7,513		164				
	100.00%	\$	1,600,783	\$	255,925	\$	250,444	\$	5,481				

Laboratory

Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Variance
FY 2020	Year-to-Date	Year-to-Date	vs. Actual	Percentage

Operating Budget vs. Actual

Notes

Revenues

N/A

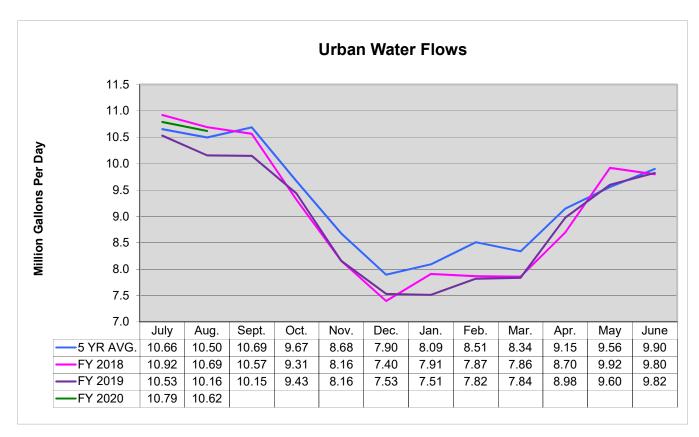
Expenses					
Personnel Cost	\$ 394,222	\$ 61,930	\$ 58,959	\$ 2,971	4.80%
Professional Services	-	-	-	-	
Other Services & Charges	9,230	1,538	104	1,434	93.23%
Communications	1,153	192	309	(117)	
Information Technology	2,500	417	-	417	100.00%
Supplies	2,150	358	69	290	80.85%
Operations & Maintenance	61,500	10,250	13,121	(2,871)	-28.01%
Equipment Purchases	2,200	367	283	83	22.73%
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 472,955	\$ 75,052	\$ 72,845	\$ 2,207	2.94%

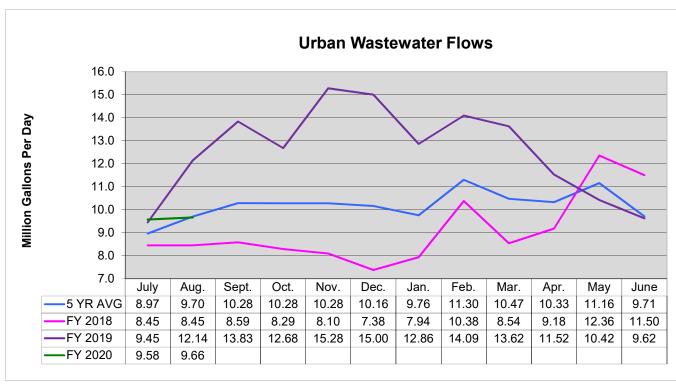
Department Summary												
Net Costs Allocable to Rate Centers		\$	(472,955)	\$	(75,052)	\$	(72,845)	\$	(2,207)			
Allocations to the Rate Centers												
Urban Water	44.00%	\$	208,100	\$	33,023	\$	32,052	\$	971			
Crozet Water	4.00%		18,918		3,002		2,914		88			
Scottsville Water	2.00%		9,459		1,501		1,457		44			
Urban Wastewater	47.00%		222,289		35,274		34,237		1,037			
Glenmore Wastewater	1.50%		7,094		1,126		1,093		33			
Scottsville Wastewater	1.50%		7,094		1,126		1,093		33			
	100.00%	\$	472,955	\$	75,052	\$	72,845	\$	2,207			

<u>Engineering</u>			Budget FY 2020	Budget Year-to-Date	Actual Year-to-Date	Budget s. Actual	Variance Percentage
Operating Budget vs. Actual		<u> </u>					
Revenues							
Payment for Services SWA		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Operating Revenues		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Expenses							
Personnel Cost	Α	\$	1,347,631	\$ 211,385	\$ 221,854	\$ (10,468)	-4.95%
Professional Services			20,000	3,333	2,984	350	10.50%
Other Services & Charges			10,350	1,725	1,097	628	36.39%
Communications			14,500	2,417	5,560	(3,143)	-130.05%
Information Technology	Е		21,200	3,533	16,356	(12,822)	-362.90%
Supplies			9,800	1,633	985	649	39.70%
Operations & Maintenance			86,798	14,466	14,423	43	0.30%
Equipment Purchases			42,400	7,067	3,376	3,691	52.23%
Depreciation & Capital Reserve Transfers			-	=	=	=	
Total Operating Expenses		\$	1,552,679	\$ 245,560	\$ 266,634	\$ (21,074)	-8.58%

Department Summary													
Net Costs Allocable to Rate Centers		\$	(1,552,679)	\$	(245,560)	\$	(266,634)	\$	21,074	-8.58			
Allocations to the Rate Centers													
Urban Water	47.00%	\$	729,759	\$	115,413	\$	125,318	\$	(9,905)				
Crozet Water	4.00%		62,107		9,822		10,665		(843)				
Scottsville Water	2.00%		31,054		4,911		5,333		(421)				
Urban Wastewater	44.00%		683,179		108,046		117,319		(9,272)				
Glenmore Wastewater	1.50%		23,290		3,683		4,000		(316)				
Scottsville Wastewater	1.50%		23,290		3,683		4,000		(316)				
	100.00%	\$	1,552,679	\$	245,560	\$	266,634	\$	(21,074)				

Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority Flow Graphs







MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: JENNIFER WHITAKER, DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING &

MAINTENANCE

REVIEWED BY: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: STATUS REPORT: ONGOING PROJECTS

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

This memorandum reports on the status of the following Capital Projects as well as other significant operating, maintenance and planning projects.

Under Construction

- 1. Crozet Water Treatment Plant Expansion
- 2. Wholesale Water Master Metering
- 3. Interceptor Sewer & Manhole Repair
- 4. Valve Repair Replacement (Phase 2)
- 5. Scottsville WTP Finished Water Metering Improvements
- 6. Buck's Elbow Ground Storage Tank Chlorination System
- 7. Glenmore Secondary Clarifier Coating
- 8. Security Enhancements
- 9. Urgent and Emergency Repairs

Design and Bidding

- 10. Observatory Water Treatment Plant Expansion
- 11. South Rivanna Water Treatment Plant Improvements
- 12. Ragged Mountain Reservoir to Observatory Water Treatment Plant Raw Water Line and Raw Water Pump Station
- 13. Crozet Flow Equalization Tank
- 14. Beaver Creek Dam Alterations
- 15. Beaver Creek Raw Water Pump Station
- 16. Crozet Interceptor Pump Station Rebuilds
- 17. MC Digester Sludge Storage Improvements
- 18. MC Aluminum Slide Gate Replacements
- 19. Sugar Hollow Dam Rubber Crest Gate Replacement and Intake Tower Repairs

- 20. Route 29 Pump Station
- 21. South Rivanna Dam Gate Repairs
- 22. Moores Creek Wetland Hydrology Improvements

Planning and Studies

- 23. Avon to Pantops Water Main (on hold until completion of the Urban Water Master Plan)
- 24. South Fork Rivanna Reservoir to Ragged Mountain Reservoir Water Line Right-of-Way
- 25. Urban Water Demand and Safe Yield Study
- 26. Urban Finished Water Infrastructure Master Plan
- 27. South Rivanna River Crossing and North Rivanna Transmission Main
- 28. South Rivanna Hydropower Plant Decommissioning
- 29. Upper Schenks Branch Interceptor, Phase II
- 30. Asset Management Plan

O&M Related Projects

- 31. NRWTP Raw Metering Improvements
- 32. NRWTP Sludge Lagoon Study and Needs Assessment
- 33. MCAWRRF Cogeneration System Analysis

1. Crozet Water Treatment Plant Expansion

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)
Construction Contractor: Orders Construction Co. (WVA)

Construction Start: December 2018

Percent Completion: 20%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Order to Date = Current Value: \$7,170,000-\$285,000 = \$6,885,000

Expected Completion Date: May 2021 Total Capital Project Budget: \$8,500,000

Current Status:

Working on the expansion of the Chemical Building, sanitary force main installation, and backwash lagoon improvements.

History:

This project was created to increase the supply capacity of the existing Crozet WTP by modernizing plant systems. The goal was to not drastically increase the plant footprint in regard to the existing filter plant, flocculation tanks, and sedimentation basins. By modernizing the outdated equipment within these treatment systems, the plant discharge capacity will be improved by approximately 100% (from 1 to 2 mgd). SEH completed a Preliminary Engineering Report (PER); watershed data collection; raw water jar testing; pilot scale testing, as well as preliminary and final design. A Notice to Proceed was issued on December 13, 2018 and the contractor mobilized on February 26, 2019.

2. Wholesale Water Master Metering

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Construction Contractor: Linco, Inc.
Construction Start: January 2016

Percent Complete: 98%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$2,228,254 - \$284,104.24 = \$1,944,149.76

Expected Completion Date: October 2019
Total Capital Project Budget: \$3,200,000

Current Status:

20 of 25 meters are currently functional. One meter and one meter test port will be replaced during the week of September 23rd. Following completion of that work, all 5 remaining meters will have the calibration verified. The system should be substantially completed and placed into operation in October, with the initial water usage report in November.

History:

In January 2012, a Water Cost Allocation Agreement was signed by the City of Charlottesville (City) and ACSA designating how the two agencies would share in the financing of the New Ragged Mountain Dam project. Within the agreement is a general provision developed by the ACSA and City to enhance measurement of the water usage by each of the distribution agencies.

The Board authorized staff in August of 2012 to enter into an agreement with Michael Baker International, Inc. (Baker) to complete an engineering study on metering plan alternatives. Baker's study identified several alternatives for a metering plan based on combinations of metering and estimating methodologies. Based on feedback from ACSA, the City, and RWSA, Baker recommended a Jurisdictional Approach which included installation of water meters at 34 locations at the City/County corporate boundary and at each of the three urban water treatment plants at an estimated cost of \$6.4 million. At its September 2013 meeting, the RWSA Board of Directors requested staff to proceed with the Jurisdictional Coverage Approach. In February 2014, the Board of Directors authorized Baker to complete preliminary and final design for the project and to provide bid-phase services. The final design includes construction of 25 metering systems in underground vaults and required acquisition of twenty (20) permanent water line easements and one (1) permanent access easement.

In May 2018, a final version of the *Wholesale Metering Administration and Implementation Policy* was completed and forwarded to the ACSA and the City. RWSA terminated the construction contract with Linco, Inc. on April 2, 2018 and is coordinating the remaining work in-house.

3. Interceptor Sewer and Manhole Repair

Design Engineer: Frazier Engineering
Construction Contractor: IPR Northeast
Construction Start: November 2017

Percent Complete: 30%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$1,244,337.19 Expected Completion: October 2021

Total Capital Project Budget: \$1,088,330 (Urban) + \$625,000 (Crozet) =

\$1,713,330

Current Status:

Condition assessment and repair activities continue on portions of the Crozet and Morey Creek Interceptors through the Birdwood Golf Course.

History:

Results from sewer flow monitoring and modeling under the Comprehensive Sanitary Sewer Study provided awareness to specific inflow and infiltration (I&I) concerns in the collection system and resulted in strengthened commitments from the City, ACSA and RWSA to continue professional engineering services to aid in the rehabilitation and repair of the sewer collection system. Engineering services will be used for sewer infrastructure condition assessments and the development of a sewer rehabilitation bid package for the procurement of a contractor to perform the recommended rehabilitation work.

4. <u>Valve Repair – Replacement (Phase 2)</u>

Design Engineer: RWSA / Dewberry
Construction Contractor: Garney Construction

Construction Start: May 2019
Percent Complete: 15%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$843,460.00 - \$33,525.21 = \$809,934.79

Expected Completion: June 2020 Total Capital Project Budget: \$882,914

Current Status:

Valve replacements will resume in October.

History:

Due to the recently completed Piney Mountain Tank Rehabilitation project and bypass pumping necessary for that work, two valves identified for replacement in the Valve Repair-Replacement Project have been unavailable to be replaced. As such, the Contractor demobilized from the project after the valve replacement completed on May 21, 2019.

Isolation valves are critical for normal operation of the water distribution system and timely emergency response to water main breaks. Staff continuously reviews results from an ongoing Valve Exercising and Condition Assessment Program. This project will replace the highest-priority valves that are identified during the condition assessment as not operable and not repairable. Phase 2 will continue replacing inoperable and unrepairable valves in the North Rivanna Finished Water System, but it will also replace (and potentially repair) valves on the South Rivanna, Crozet, Pantops, and Southern Loop Finished Water Systems. Once all specified valves have been repaired/replaced in Phase 2, the focus will shift to replacing older isolation valves in subsequent phases.

A Request for Bids (RFB) was issued on November 6, 2018. RWSA staff opened bids for the project on December 11, 2018, and Garney Companies, Inc. was the apparent low bidder (\$843,460). The RWSA Board of Directors approved the bid award recommendation and Capital Improvement Plan Budget Amendment on January 22, 2019. A Notice to Proceed was issued on May 6, 2019.

Two (2) valve replacements were completed in May 2019; one (1) valve was replaced on the Crozet Waterline, and one (1) valve was replaced on the South Rivanna Waterline.

5. Scottsville WTP – Finished Water Metering Improvements

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)
Construction Contractor: Anderson Construction Inc.

Construction Start: November 2019

Percent Complete: 0%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$115,500 Completion: April 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$145,000

Current Status:

Construction will begin when materials are delivered in November.

History:

Construction bids were opened on May 29, 2019. Notice of Award was provided to the contractor on July 9, 2019 and a Notice to Proceed was provided on August 26, 2019.

The Scottsville WTP is permitted to provide up to 0.25 MGD of potable drinking water to RWSA customers in the Scottsville service area. After water has been treated in the plant it is collected in an existing clearwell, which was constructed with the original facility. From the clearwell, the water is pumped into the distribution system by one of the two high service pumps. The flow from these pumps is not metered. In order to keep a record of the total flow entering the Scottsville system, plant operators must periodically conduct draw-down tests to verify the pumping rate of each of the two pumps. The total flow is then calculated based on the run time of each pump. This method of measuring flow is not accurate, as the pumping rate will vary based on the clearwell level and the hydraulic grade line of the distribution system. In addition, the Virginia Department of Health has indicated that the flow should be metered during recent conversations related to the disinfection profile calculation throughout the plant. The purpose of this project is to install a finished water meter at the plant.

6. Buck's Elbow Ground Storage Tank Chlorination System

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)
Construction Contractor: Littleton and Associates, Inc.

Construction Start: December 2019

Percent Complete: 0%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$186,000 Completion: April 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$239,000

Current Status:

Construction will begin when materials are delivered in December.

History:

The Contract Documents have been executed by both parties, and a Notice to Proceed (NTP) was issued on September 9, 2019.

The two million-gallon Bucks Elbow Ground Storage Tank provides finished water storage for the Crozet Area. Historically, RWSA has experienced low chlorine residuals in the tank during the warm weather months due to water age and stratification. When chlorine residuals drop, RWSA must manually feed chlorine into the tank. Previously, this meant that staff had to bring all required pumping infrastructure to the site and climb the tank to access the injection point(s). To enhance the efficiency and safety of this process, SEH is assisting RWSA with the design of a chlorine feed system that is capable of one-person operation, will not require tank climbing or confined space entry into the adjacent altitude valve vault, and will minimize overall chemical exposure risk to RWSA staff. An active mixing system will also be installed at the Buck's Elbow Ground Storage Tank as a part of the work to supplement the existing passive mixing system. This will ensure that the tank is being appropriately mixed during the chlorine feed process and will decrease overall stratification in the tank.

SEH completed an update to the project's original Alternatives Analysis (completed in Winter 2017 as an O&M Project) and held a review meeting with RWSA Engineering and Operations staff during the week of May 6, 2019. This document was submitted to VDH for preliminary review following the meeting. Bidding documents were finalized, and the Request for Bids was issued on June 20, 2019. Bids were opened on July 11, 2019, and the apparent low bidder was Littleton and Associates, Inc. (\$186,000). A Bid Award Recommendation and Capital Improvement Plan Amendment was approved by the Board of Directors on July 23, 2019. A Notice of Award was issue to Littleton and Associates, Inc. on August 6, 2019.

7. Glenmore Secondary Clarifier Coating

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)
Construction Contractor: Nostos SS Contractors, LLC

Construction Start: August 2019

Percent Complete: 50%

Base Construction Contract +

Change Orders to Date = Current Value: \$98,900 Completion: January 2020

Approved Capital Budget: \$110,000 + \$50,000 requested = \$160,000

Current Status:

Work on the second clarifier began mid-September.

History:

Blasting and coating of the first clarifier is complete. The secondary clarifiers at the Glenmore facility were painted over 10-years ago. The clarifier environment is a particularly harsh environment subject to corrosive gases, grit abrasion and mechanical wear. Based on observations by operations staff, the coating system is in need of replacement to prevent deterioration and failure of the underlying metal superstructure. This project includes the cleaning and full coating of the clarifier.

8. Security Enhancements

Contractor: Security 101
Construction Start: August 2019
Percent Complete: Award
Completion: 2021
Approved Capital Budget: \$1,000,000

Current Status:

An initial work authorization is being developed to secure doors at priority locations.

History:

As required by the Federal Bioterrorism Act of 2002, water utilities must conduct Vulnerability Assessments and have Emergency Response Plans. RWSA recently completed an updated Risk Assessment of its water system in collaboration with the Albemarle County Service Authority (ACSA), City of Charlottesville (City), and University of Virginia (UVA). A number of security improvements that could be applied to both the water and wastewater systems were identified. The purpose of this project will be to install security improvements at RWSA facilities including additional security gate and fencing components, vehicle bollards, facility signage, camera system enhancements, additional security lighting, intrusion detection systems, door and window hardening, installation of industrial strength locks, communication technology and cable hardening, and an enhanced access control program.

RWSA Engineering staff held a meeting with Operations staff to discuss overall project needs and priorities in October 2018. Meetings with ACSA and City staff were held in Fall/Winter 2018-2019 to discuss how access control and intrusion detection systems have been implemented into to the day-to-day operations of the two utilities. A Request for Proposal (RFP) for an Implementer to facilitate selection of an access control system, confirmation of design requirements based upon RWSA's facilities and project goals, and installation of the selected system was issued on June 6, 2019. RWSA conducted a Pre-Proposal Meeting on June 14, 2019, and proposals were opened on June 27, 2019. Interviews were conducted on July 15-16, 2019, and a Contract Award Recommendation was brought to the Board on July 23, 2019.

9. Urgent and Emergency Repairs

Staff is currently working on several urgent repairs within the water and wastewater systems as listed below:

Project	Project Description	Approx. Cost
No.		
2017-03	Crozet Sewer Force Main Air Release Valve Repair	\$10,000
2018-06	South Rivanna Dam Apron and River Bank Repairs	\$200,000
2019-05	Observatory Water Line Repair near Lambeth Pump Station	\$100,000
2019-06	Upper Sugar Hollow Water Line near Meriwether Drive	\$15,000
2019-07	Urban Water Line Valve and Blow-off Repair	TBD

Crozet Sewer Force Main Air Release Valve Repair

During routine inspections of the sewer force main, the Maintenance Department identified that the saddle for one of the air release valves was loose and needed to be repaired. Due to the profile of the force main however, it is not currently possible to dewater the force main and take pressure off the pipe at this location without the installation of line stops. However, once the Crozet Flow Equalization Tank (FET) has been installed, ample time will be available to dewater the force main without the aid of line stops. RWSA will be working with Faulconer Construction to stabilize the saddle for the short-term, and once the FET comes online, a permanent repair can be made. Coordination with the property owner is underway and this repair will be scheduled this fall.

• South Rivanna Dam Apron and River Bank Repairs

Intense rainfall between May 30-31, 2018 resulted in extensive flooding throughout Charlottesville and parts of Albemarle County, with flows over the South Fork Rivanna Dam reaching more than 7 feet over the spillway crest at its peak. Staff has inspected the dam and abutments to determine the extent of damage resulting from the extreme flooding. Although there is no discernible damage to the dam itself, staff found erosion damage to the north downstream river bank and substantial displacement of large stone downstream of the dam to form a rock dam and pool below the north apron. Additionally, some damage to concrete structures on both aprons was noted, including possible creation of voids beneath the concrete and loss of concrete joint filler. Repairs to the river bank and removal of the rock dam were completed June 3-7, 2019 under RWSA's on-call construction contract. Repairs to the north and south concrete aprons will be designed by Schnabel Engineering and those services will be procured separately from the on-call contract.

Urban Water Line Valve and Blow-off Repair

During its routine inspections of the Water System, the Maintenance Department discovered a blowoff (drain) valve along the Urban Waterline (UWL-017) that had significant leakage. In addition, during one of the numerous heavy rain events received in 2018, the water in the creek adjacent to the drain line rose, eroding the area around the drain line and causing the headwall to become disconnected from the end of the pipe. Staff will be coordinating internally to confirm the overall scope of the project, including whether the drain line will need to be further reinforced or restrained. Once the scope has been finalized, **Faulconer Construction will be performing the valve replacement(s)**, as well as any piping/outlet modifications to the drain line.

10. Observatory Water Treatment Plant Expansion

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson, Inc. (SEH)

Project Start: October 2017
Project Status: 90% Design
Construction Start: March 2020

Completion: 2023

Approved Capital Budget: \$19,700,000 Current Project Estimate: \$25,500,000

Current Status:

An informational meeting with prospective contractors has been scheduled for September 26, 2019 to maximize interest in the project. An advertisement for competitive bids is anticipated in October 2019.

History:

A project kickoff meeting with staff was held on November 14, 2018 and 30% design documents were provided in February. A Value Engineering Workshop took place the week of April 8th and a memo summarizing the results has being completed. Any agreed upon results will be incorporated into the project. This project will consider the design and costs for upgrading the plant systems to achieve a consistent 7.7 MGD plant capacity, as well as consider the costs involved with upgrading the plant to 10 or 12 MGD capacity. Much of the Observatory Water Treatment Plant is original to the 1953 construction. In an effort to better understand the needed future improvements, a Condition Assessment Report was completed by SEH in October of 2013. The approved Capital Improvement Plan project was based on the findings from this report. A portion of this project was expedited in order to repair and replace old, existing equipment that was not functional. The flocculator systems have been replaced and upgraded as part of the Drinking Water Activated Carbon and WTP Improvements project (GAC). The second flocculator system was started up in May 2017, and both systems are currently in full service. Four additional GAC contactors will be included in the design.

11. South Rivanna Water Treatment Plant Improvements

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)

Project Start: October 2017
Project Status: 90% Design
Construction Start: March 2020

Completion: 2023

Approved Capital Budget: \$15,000,000

Current Status:

An informational meeting with prospective contractors has been scheduled for September 26, 2019 to maximize interest in the project. An advertisement for competitive bids is anticipated in October 2019.

History:

A project kickoff meeting with staff was held on November 13, 2018 and 30% design documents were

provided in February. A Value Engineering Workshop took place the week of April 8th and a memo summarizing the results has being completed. Any agreed upon results will be incorporated into the project. The South Rivanna Water Treatment Plant is currently undergoing significant upgrades as part of the Granular Activated Carbon Project. Several other significant needs have also been identified and have been assembled into a single project. The projects herein include: expansion of the coagulant storage facilities; installation of additional filters to meet firm capacity needs; the addition of a second variable frequency drive at the Raw Water Pump Station; the relocation for the electrical gear from a sub terrain location at the Sludge Pumping Station; a new building on site for additional office, lab, control room and storage space; improvements to storm sewers to accept allowable WTP discharges; and the construction of a new metal building to cover the existing liquid lime feed piping and tanks. The scope of this project will not increase plant treatment capacity.

12. <u>Ragged Mountain Reservoir to Observatory Water Treatment Plant Raw Water Line and Raw Water Pump Station</u>

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Project Start: August 2018

Project Status: Prelim Design & Easement Acquisition in Progress

Construction Start: 2022 Completion: 2026

Approved Capital Budget: \$3,877,000 Current Project Estimate: \$18,000,000

Current Status:

Easement acquisitions are underway.

History:

A site evaluation study to recommend a location for the raw water pipe and pump station has been completed. Survey and appraisal work have been completed for portions of this alignment. A Work Authorization was executed in December 2018 with Michael Baker International for the raw water line routing study, preliminary design, plat creation and the easement acquisition process for this portion of the project. Raw water is transferred from the Ragged Mountain Reservoir to the Observatory Water Treatment Plant by way of two 18-inch cast iron pipelines, which have been in service for more than 110 and 70 years, respectively. The increased frequency of emergency repairs and expanded maintenance requirements are one impetus for replacing these pipelines. The proposed water line will be able to reliably transfer water to the expanded Observatory plant, which may eventually have the capacity to treat 10 mgd. The new pipeline is expected to be constructed of 36-inch ductile iron and will approximately 14,000 feet in length. The opportunity to integrate the Observatory WTP raw water supply line with the proposed South Rivanna Reservoir to RMR raw water main project is currently being investigated as part of the approved 50-year Community Water Supply Plan.

The RMR to Observatory WTP raw water pump station is planned to replace the existing Stadium Road and Royal pump stations, which have exceeded their design lives or will require significant upgrades with the Observatory WTP expansion. The pump station will pump up to 10 million gallons per day (mgd) of raw water to the Observatory WTP. Integration of the new pump station with the

planned South Rivanna Reservoir to RMR pipeline is being considered in the interest of improved operational and cost efficiencies. An integrated pump station would also include the capacity to transfer up to 16 mgd of raw water from RMR back to the SRR WTP.

13. Crozet Flow Equalization Tank

Design Engineer: Schnabel Engineering

Project Start:

October 2016
Project Status:

95% Design
Construction Start:

February 2020
Completion:

May 2022
Approved Capital Budget:

\$4,860,000

Current Status:

An advertisement for construction bids will be issued by November 2019.

History:

A 2016 update to the 2006 model was completed which evaluated the I&I reduction goals previously established and future capital project needs. Based on the results of that study, it was determined that the Crozet Interceptor system and namely the existing Crozet Pump Stations (1 through 4) have adequate capacity to handle the 2015 peak wet weather flow from the Crozet Service Area during a two-year storm. However, as projected growth in the service area occurs, peak wet weather flows in the area under the storm conditions established in the updated model will begin to exceed the firm capacities of the pump stations by 2025. Additional I&I reductions in order to reduce flows enough to not exceed the pump station firm capacities are not feasible and as a result, the construction of a flow equalization tank was identified as the best method to alleviate wet weather capacity issues.

While the study indicates that capacity should not be an issue until 2025, a flow equalization tank would also provide a significant benefit to the maintenance of the Crozet Pumping Station system which currently lacks system storage necessary to allow adequate time to perform repairs on the pumps and the associated force mains while the system is down. As a result, it is important to progress into the siting study for the flow equalization tank to ensure that it can be constructed in time for the 2025 flow targets but also to facilitate less complicated and more thorough maintenance on the system that has not been possible previously.

Greeley and Hansen completed a siting study to determine the location for the flow equalization tank based on the results of the comprehensive model update. The results of the siting study were reviewed with ACSA and a final tank location was determined.

A work authorization with Schnabel Engineering was finalized and a Project Kick-off Meeting was held on July 12, 2018. A data collection period has been completed which includes a wetlands investigation of the project site and a topographic survey of the site has also been completed.

14. Beaver Creek Dam Alterations

Design Engineer: Schnabel Engineering Project Start: February 2018

Project Status: Final Design and Permitting Underway

Construction Start:2023Completion:2026Approved Capital Budget:\$4,898,000Current Project Estimate:\$15,000,000

Current Status:

Final design of the dam improvements is underway. Development of a Joint Permit Application for the new Pump Station, Intake, and Beaver Creek Dam Spillway Upgrades began in May 2019 by Hazen & Sawyer and is expected to be completed in the summer of 2020. Staff is also currently pursing federal funding for the project.

History:

RWSA operates the Beaver Creek Dam and reservoir as the sole raw water supply for the Crozet Area. In 2011, an analysis of the Dam Breach inundation areas and changes to Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR) *Impounding Structures Regulations* prompted a change in hazard classification of the dam from Significant to High Hazard. This change in hazard classification requires that the capacity of the spillway be increased. This CIP project includes investigation, preliminary design, public outreach, permitting, easement acquisition, final design, and construction of the anticipated modifications. Work for this project will be coordinated with the new relocated raw water pump station and intake and a reservoir oxygenation system project.

Schnabel Engineering developed three alternatives for upgrading the capacity of the Beaver Creek Dam Spillway in 2012. Following the adoption of a new Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP) Study on December 9, 2015 and the release of DCR guidelines for implementing the PMP study in March of 2016, RWSA determined it would proceed with an updated alternatives analysis and Preliminary Engineering Report for upgrading the dam spillway. Following the completion of an updated alternatives analysis by Schnabel Engineering, staff met with members of Albemarle County and ACSA staff to discuss the preferred alternative. It was determined that staff would proceed with design of a labyrinth spillway and chute through the existing dam with a bridge to allow Browns Gap Turnpike to cross over the new spillway.

15. Beaver Creek Raw Water Pump Station and Intake

Design Engineer: Hazen & Sawyer
Project Start: August 2018

Project Status: Permitting and Site Selection Work Underway

Construction Start:2023Completion:2026Approved Capital Budget:\$4,138,000Current Project Estimate:\$8,000,000

Current Status:

Hazen and Sawyer is continuing work on a site selection study for the new Raw Water Pump Station and intake. Initial site alternatives have been narrowed to a shortlist, and geotechnical evaluations are anticipated this fall to aid in determining the preferred site for the project.

Development of a Joint Permit Application for the new Pump Station, Intake, and Beaver Creek Dam Spillway Upgrades is also underway and is expected to be completed in the summer of 2020.

History:

The Drinking Water Infrastructure Plan for the Crozet water service area, developed by Hazen and Sawyer, recommends installation of a new Raw Water Pump Station and Intake at the Beaver Creek Dam in order to meet new minimum instream flow requirements and provide adequate raw water pumping capacity to serve the growing Crozet community for the next 50 years. The pump station will be moved out of its existing location at the toe of the dam to a new location, to be determined during design. The new intake structure will include enhanced controls to allow for access to the best quality water at any given time.

16. Crozet Interceptor Pump Station Rebuilds

Design Engineer:

Project Start:

Project Status:

RWSA

July 2018

25% Design

Construction Start: 2019
Completion: 2023
Approved Capital Budget: \$545,000

Current Status:

The Maintenance Department has begun pump replacement work associated with this overall project.

History:

Staff is reviewing the overall scope of work for the project and will be coordinating other items with the Maintenance Department regarding schedule and preferred equipment and materials.

The Crozet Interceptor Pump Stations were constructed in the 1980's and many of the components are still original. The project will include the replacement of pumps and valves at Pump Station No. 2 in order to improve pumping capabilities at this location and provide spare parts for the pumps at Pump Station No. 1. This work will also include roof replacements at all four pump stations, siding replacement for the wet well enclosure at Pump Station No. 3, and installation of a new water well at Pump Station No. 3. Components of this project will be coordinated and timed to properly coincide with the Crozet Flow Equalization Tank project.

17. MC Digester Sludge Storage Improvements

Design Engineer: TBD

Project Start: Summer 2019
Project Status: Preliminary Design

Construction Start: Fall 2019 Completion: June 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$313,000

Current Status:

We are currently scheduling an engineer to perform an interior inspection of the sludge storage tank. Preparation of construction documents will begin after an inspection is completed and scope of repair work better defined. Implementation of this work will commence after Digester No. 3 is coated and is back in service in late summer 2019.

History:

With the second centrifuge installation, additional capacity for storage of digested sludge would provide the Authority operational flexibility it does not currently have. Additionally, the sole sludge storage tank at the MCAWRRF was constructed in 1959 of reinforced concrete and is in need of repairs. This project would convert one of the three existing anaerobic digesters (Digester No. 1) into a sludge storage tank through piping modifications, and would provide redundancy to the existing sludge storage tank so it can be removed from service, cleaned, inspected, and repaired with minimal impact to the existing sludge dewatering operations. The piping configuration would also allow flexibility for the anaerobic digester to be used as either an anaerobic digester or sludge storage tank as needed for operations. The scope of work would include piping modifications, hydraulic improvements, tank safety improvements such as handrail and lights, and structural improvements to the existing sludge storage tank roof.

18. MC Aluminum Slide Gate Replacements

Design Engineer: Hazen and Sawyer Project Start: November 2018

Project Status: Bidding

Construction Start: February 2020
Completion: October 2020
Approved Capital Budget: \$470,000

Current Status:

Construction bidding is underway.

History:

Several large aluminum slide gates are located at the influent side of the Moores Creek Pump Station. These gates allow staff to stop or divert flow to perform maintenance activities. After repeated attempts to access and repair the gates, it is now necessary to replace and modify the gate arrangement. The replacement includes new gates for greater flexibility and resiliency as well as significant influent flow bypass pumping. Likewise, there are several gates at the Ultraviolent disinfection facility that leak water, causing a reduced capacity of the facility. Replacement of these gates will restore the process to full capacity.

19. Sugar Hollow Dam – Rubber Crest Gate Replacement and Intake Tower Repairs

Design Engineer: Schnabel Engineering

Project Start: January 2019
Project Status: Design 20%

Construction Start: 2020

Completion: 2021

Approved Capital Budget: \$1,140,000

Current Status:

A dive inspection of the intake tower and evaluation of existing electrical and mechanical equipment are anticipated in September 2019. Construction is anticipated to begin in late spring or summer of 2020.

History:

In 1998, the Sugar Hollow Dam underwent a significant upgrade to improve structural stability and spillway capacity. The original metal spillway gates were replaced with a manufactured five-foot-high inflatable rubber dam that is bolted to the existing concrete structure. This rubber dam allows for the normal storage of water in the reservoir with the ability to be lowered during extreme storm events. The rubber dam has an approximate service life of twenty years and is therefore now due for replacement. The aging intake tower structure will be inspected and evaluated. Recommended repairs may include issues relating to the intake gate valves and tower walls, including repair or replacement of intake trash racks, and sealing/grouting of minor concrete wall cracks.

20. Route 29 Pump Station

Design Engineer: Short Elliot Hendrickson (SEH)

Project Start: July 2019 **Project Status:** Design 5% **Construction Start:** 2021 Completion: 2022 \$2,300,000

Approved Capital Budget:

Current Status:

Design is underway for the pump station and piping extensions to the North Rivanna **Transmission Main.**

History:

The Rt. 29 Pipeline and Pump Station master plan was developed in 2007 and originally envisioned a multi-faceted project that reliably connected the North and South Rivanna pressure bands; reduced excessive operating pressures, and developed a new Airport pressure zone to serve the highest elevations near the Airport and Hollymead Town Center. The master plan update was completed in June of 2018 to reflect the changes in the system and demands since 2007. This project, along with the South Rivanna River Crossing and North Rivanna Transmission Main project, will provide a reliable and redundant finished water supply to the North Rivanna area. The proposed pump station will be able to serve system demands at both the current high pressure and future low pressure conditions. These facilities will also lead to future phase implementation which will include a storage tank and the creation of the Airport water pressure zone.

21. South Rivanna Dam - Gate Repairs

Design Engineer: Schnabel
Project Start: July 2019

Project Status: Work Authorization Development

Construction Start: Spring- Fall 2020

Completion: 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$900,000

Current Status:

Design will begin in September 2019 with construction in 2020, pending preliminary findings.

History:

The South Rivanna Dam, originally constructed in 1965, is equipped with two 36" diameter slide gates and conduits, one each on the north and south abutments of the dam, which can be utilized to dewater the facility or to meet minimum instream flow (MIF) requirements when the dam is not spilling. These gates are original to the dam and while they are operable and are exercised regularly, they can no longer provide a complete seal, therefore allowing some leakage through the dam. RWSA has protocols in place to temporarily stop leakage through the gates when necessary to conserve water; however, there is a desire to repair or replace the gates and components as needed to restore full functionality. The project includes other repairs to the facility, including improvements to the concrete wall adjacent to the Raw Water Pump Station as well as improvements to the north dam tower to provide safer access by staff while still discouraging access by the general public.

22. MC Wetland Hydrology Improvements

Design Engineer: VHB/ECS, Mid-Atlantic

Project Start: March 2019
Project Status: 90% Design
Construction Start: November 2019
Completion: February 2020

Approved Capital Budget: \$95,000

Current Status:

Construction bidding in October.

History:

As part of the Ragged Mountain project, RWSA was required to mitigate for impacts to streams and wetlands. The wetland mitigation site is located along Moores Creek on Franklin St. RWSA has been monitoring the mitigation sites, as required by the project permit, since construction in 2014. Reports on the success of the site are submitted to the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) at intervals during the first 10 year of the project construction. From this monitoring it was determined that the wetland is holding more water than is ideal for its function. VHB designed a Hydrology Improvement

Plan for the site, which was approved by DEQ. RWSA is now working with ECS Mid-Atlantic, to obtain the necessary County permits for the improvements (i.e., Erosion and Sediment Control permit).

23. Avon to Pantops Water Main (on hold until completion of the Urban Water Master Plan)

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Project Start: August 2017

Project Status: Preliminary Engineering Report

Construction Start: TBD
Completion: TBD
Approved Capital Budget: \$2,100,000

Current Status:

This project is on hold.

History:

Route alignment determination, hydraulic modeling, and preliminary design were underway. Due to the complicated nature of our finished water systems, it was decided at the August 2018 Board meeting that a more comprehensive approach is warranted and we should complete the Finished Water Master Plan prior to moving forward with final design and construction of the Avon to Pantops Water Main. The focus of this project is on the southern half of the urban area water system which is currently served predominantly by the Avon Street and Pantops water storage tanks. The Avon Street tank is hydraulically well connected to the Observatory Water Treatment Plant while the Pantops tank is well connected to the South Rivanna Water Treatment Plant. The hydraulic connectivity between the two tanks, however, is less than desired, creating operational challenges and reduced system flexibility. In 1987, the City and ACSA developed the Southern Loop Agreement which laid out two key phases (with the first being built at the time). The 1987 Agreement and planning efforts will service as a starting point for this current project. An engineering contract has been negotiated and was approved by the Board of Directors in July 2017.

24. South Rivanna Reservoir to Ragged Mtn. Reservoir Water Line Right-of-Way

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Project Start: October 2017

Project Status: Easement Acquisition Underway

Completion: 2021

Approved Capital Budget: \$2,295,000

Current Status:

We are completing easement appraisals and making offers to property owners.

History:

A Draft PER was completed in January 2019. Survey work began in late March to begin preparation of easement plats. Several of the properties are owned by the VDOT, Albemarle School Board, UVA Foundation and the City of Charlottesville. A work authorization for easement acquisition services with ERM and Associates was approved by the Board in April.

The approved 50-year Community Water Supply Plan includes the future construction of a raw water line from the South Fork Rivanna Reservoir to the Ragged Mountain Reservoir. This water line will replace the existing Upper Sugar Hollow Pipeline along an alternative alignment to increase raw water transfer capacity in the Urban Water System. The preliminary route for the water line followed the proposed Route 29 Charlottesville Bypass; however, the Bypass project was suspended by VDOT in 2014, requiring a more detailed routing study for the future water line. This project includes a routing study, preliminary design and preparation of easement documents, as well as acquisition of water line easements along the approved route.

Baker has completed the routing study. Preliminary design, plat creation and the acquisition of easements are underway. Property owners were contacted to request permission to access properties for topographical surveying. A community information meeting was held in June 2018.

25. <u>Urban Water Demand and Safe Yield Study</u>

Design Engineer:
Project Start:
November 2018
Project Status:
80% complete
Completion:
November 2019

Approved Capital Budget: \$154,000

Current Status:

Workshops are scheduled with City, ACSA and County staff in mid-September to review water demand projections.

History:

The City of Charlottesville, Albemarle County Service Authority, and RWSA entered into the Ragged Mountain Dam Project Agreement in 2012. This Agreement included provisions to monitor the bathymetric capacity of the Urban water reservoirs as well as a requirement to conduct reoccurring demand analysis, demand forecasting and safe yield evaluations. This study will evaluate and calculate current and future demands and present safe yield. Per the project Agreement, these analyses shall be completed by calendar year 2020.

26. Urban Finished Water Infrastructure Master Plan

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Project Start:

Project Status:

Completion:

Approved Capital Budget:

November 2018

50% complete

April 2020

\$253,000

Current Status:

Work on model development and calibration is on-going.

History:

As identified in the 2017 Strategic Plan, the Authority has a goal to plan, deliver and maintain

dependable infrastructure in a financially responsible manner. Staff has identified asset master planning as a priority strategy to improve overall system development. Many previously identified projects in the urban finished water treatment and distribution system are in preliminary engineering, design or construction. As such, staff have identified a need to develop a current and ongoing finished water master plan.

27. South Rivanna River Crossing and North Rivanna Transmission Main

Design Engineer: Michael Baker International (Baker)

Project Start:

Project Status:

Planning
Construction Start:

Completion:

Approved Capital Budget:

July 2020

Planning
2021

2023

\$5,340,000

Current Status:

Design of this project will begin in summer 2020.

History:

An update to the Airport Zone Study Report was completed in summer of 2018, confirming the need for and timing of the river crossing and transmission main. As work associated with the Route 29 Pump Station begins, improvements to the North Rivanna Transmission Main as needed to facilitate that project, will be included in that effort. RWSA has previously identified through master planning that a 24-inch water main will be needed from the South Rivanna Water Treatment Plant (SRWTP) to Hollymead Town Center to meet future water demands. Two segments of this water main were constructed as part of the VDOT Rt. 20 Solutions projects, including approximately 10,000 LF of 24-inch water main along Rt. 29 and 600 LF of 24-inch water main along the new Berkmar Drive Extension, behind the Kohl's department store. To complete the connection between the SRWTP and the Airport Road Pump Station Site, RWSA plans to construct a new river crossing at the South Fork Rivanna River and two "gap" sections of 24-inch water main between the already completed sections. Much of the new water main route is within VDOT right-of-way; however, acquisition of right-of-way will be required at the river crossing and on the Kohl's Property at Hollymead Town Center.

28. South Rivanna Hydropower Plant Decommissioning

Consultant: Gomez and Sullivan

Project Start: October 2016

Project Status: Exemption Surrender Process – Phase 2

Underway

Construction Start: 2020 Completion: 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$725,000

Current Status:

A revised decommissioning plan was developed and distributed to local regulatory agencies to identify any issues prior to final submission to FERC. A consultation conference call with

regulatory agencies was held on August 7, 2019 and comments were received. The surrender application and conceptual decommissioning plan are being updated accordingly with submission to FERC anticipated for November 2019.

History:

RWSA constructed a hydropower plant at the South Fork Rivanna Dam in 1987. Power generation at the plant was limited for a number of years due to various mechanical issues. In December 2011, RWSA retained HDR to perform a mechanical and electrical equipment assessment and to provide recommendations for capital expenditures and continued operation. This assessment identified the need to perform a number of mechanical and electrical modifications to improve operation of the hydropower plant. On June 16, 2013, while the plant was down for testing associated with repairs to the speed reducer and generator, the powerhouse flooded during a heavy rainfall event. A post-flood inspection indicated that the rising water damaged the electrical equipment. In addition to electrical system issues, the turbine blades were "stuck" and inoperable prior to the flood event. Prior to beginning any rehabilitation work on the hydropower plant, it was determined that a feasibility study should be performed that reviewed previous recommendations and took into account interaction with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) to determine if it was cost effective for RWSA to rehabilitate the facility. The feasibility study was conducted by Gomez and Sullivan and concluded that rehabilitation of the facility would most likely not provide a return on investment based on current market conditions. Staff recommended that RWSA proceed with surrendering the exemption to licensure with FERC and decommission the facility. During the meeting on October 25, 2016, the Board of Directors agreed with the recommendation and staff began to proceed with the surrender process.

Work associated with the first phase of the exemption surrender process with Gomez and Sullivan and Van Ness Feldman was completed confirming with FERC what the next steps in the surrender process would include. A work authorization with Gomez and Sullivan for Phase 2 of the exemption surrender process was finalized in August 2017 and includes tasks to manage the local regulatory agencies consultation process and development of the surrender application and decommissioning plan.

A consultation document was provided to local regulatory agencies and a meeting was held on May 21, 2018 with the agencies to discuss the decommissioning process. Minor comments were provided by those agencies and development of the surrender application for submission to FERC was underway. As part of the application, a draft decommissioning plan was developed and was being reviewed by RWSA. Due to a significant wet weather event, returning the 72-inch diameter penstock to a reservoir drain was evaluated by Gomez and Sullivan and modifications to the decommissioning plan are being developed to incorporate that into the project.

29. Upper Schenks Branch Interceptor, Phase II

Design Engineer: Frazier Engineering, P.A.

Project Start: TBD

Project Status: Alignment Analysis

Construction Start: TBD
Completion: TBD
Approved Capital Budget: \$3,985,000

Current Status:

Additional subsurface exploration work was completed in September to gather rock information along the alignment in McIntire Road as well as across the ballfield. A final report is anticipated in October 2019.

History:

The Schenks Branch Sanitary Sewer interceptor is a pipeline operated by RWSA that serves the City of Charlottesville. The 21-inch sewer line was originally constructed by the City in the 1950s. Evaluations from the flow metering and modeling from the Comprehensive Sanitary Sewer Interceptor Study, and negotiations with the ACSA and City, resulted in an inflow and infiltration reduction plan from which it was concluded that increased capacity of the Schenks Branch Interceptor was needed for wet weather peak flow. Due to several road construction projects and the construction of the Meadow Creek Interceptor project along the sewer alignment, Schenks Branch was to be constructed in multiple phases. The completed sections, collectively known as the Lower Schenks Branch Interceptor, include the Tie-in to Meadow Creek, the section along McIntire Road Ext, and the section though the Route 250 Interchange.

The remaining sections, which are considered the Upper Schenks Branch Interceptor, were split into 2 phases. The first phase has been completed and is located within City-owned Schenks Greenway adjacent to McIntire Road, and the second phase is to be located on County property (baseball field and County Office Building) adjacent to McIntire Road or within McIntire Road.

30. Asset Management Plan

Design Consultant: GHD, Inc.
Project Start: July 2018

Project Status: Phase 1 – 99% Complete

Phase 2 – Underway

Completion: 2020 Approved Capital Budget: \$500,000

Current Status:

Development of an asset register, condition assessment protocols, and a pilot study of the asset management process in underway.

History:

Asset management is the practice of managing our infrastructure to minimize the total cost of owning and operating these assets while providing desired service levels. In doing so, it is used to make sure planned maintenance activities take place and that capital assets are replaced, repaired or upgraded at the right time, while ensuring that the money necessary to perform those activities is available. RWSA has some components of an asset management program in place (i.e. GIS, work order system), but has identified the need to further develop the program as part of our Strategic Planning process. In order to continue to build the program, a consultant has been procured to assist with a three-phase process that will include facilitation and development of an asset management strategic plan, development and management of a pilot study where the results of the strategic plan will be applied to a specific class

of assets, and assistance through a full implementation process. As part of this three-phase process, the consultant will also assist RWSA with the procurement of a software package to facilitate the overall program.

O&M Related Projects

Staff is currently working on several O&M related projects within the water and wastewater systems as listed below:

#	Project Description	Total Approx. Value
35	NRWTP Raw Water Metering Improvements	\$135,000
36	NRWTP Sludge Lagoon Study and WTP Needs Assessment	\$60,100
37	MCAWRRF Cogeneration System Analysis	\$48,300

• NRWTP Raw Water Metering Improvements

The NRWTP is permitted to provide up to 2.0 MGD of potable drinking water to customers located in the Urban service area. After water is pumped from the raw water pump station on the North Fork Rivanna River, the raw water flow is metered by an orifice plate, or insert style meter, prior to entering the rapid mix chamber. The meter is located behind the existing powdered activated carbon feed system and is difficult to access. In addition, RWSA recognizes that the accuracy of this style of meter is reduced by laying length conditions in comparison to modern magnetic flow meters which have been installed at other locations. RWSA is working with SEH to develop contract documents to have a magnetic flow meter installed on the raw water line in an exterior below grade vault. The schedule for bidding of this work will be dependent on the availability of funds.

• NRWTP Sludge Lagoon Study and WTP Needs Assessment

The two lagoons or settling ponds at the plant are earthen basins designed to capture and hold residuals generated through the treatment process as well as periodic draining and washdown of the sedimentation and flocculation basins. The basins were designed to allow all the residuals and solids to settle out and then the clarified water to be decanted and conveyed to the river. The operational use of these lagoons is not as originally intended, and the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality has concerns regarding their condition. A study is being performed to determine how they can be improved, and other locations on site that may be less prone to flood waters. Under this project, a needs assessment at the plant will be also be performed and updated. Completion of the needs assessment is anticipated by the end of September 2019. Construction activities associated with these improvements have been proposed in the FY 20 CIP.

• MCAWRRF Cogeneration System Analysis

The MCAWRRF currently utilizes a cogeneration facility which accepts digester gas and uses it to create electricity and heat. The facility was put into operation in 2011. The generator supplies power back to the plant electrical distribution system providing energy usage savings through offsetting usage with the electric utility. Unfortunately, there have been a number of issues associated with operation of the generator including, expensive and proprietary maintenance services and temperature issues.

With a significant and expensive scheduled maintenance event forthcoming, RWSA wanted to conduct a study to determine if these issues could be resolved or if there was a more efficient way to utilize the digester gas. This study will evaluate options for improvements to the existing system or new systems that could be implemented along with estimated costs and returns on investment. A final report was submitted in February 2019, and RWSA is evaluating the alternatives. Alternatives will be presented to the Board in October to replace, modify or eliminate the facility.



MEMORANDUM

695 Moores Creek Lane | Charlottesville, Virginia 22902-9016

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: DAVE TUNGATE, DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

REVIEWED BY: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: OPERATIONS REPORT FOR AUGUST 2019

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

WATER OPERATIONS:

The average daily/monthly total water distributed for August 2019 was as follows:

Water Treatment Plant	Average Daily Production (MGD)	Total Monthly Production (MG)	Maximum Daily Production in the Month (MGD)
Observatory	1.56	48.30	2.16 (8/12/19)
South Rivanna	8.73	270.53	9.56 (8/05/19)
North Rivanna	0.334	<u>10.35</u>	0.585 (8/05/19)
Urban Total	10.62	329.18	11.67 (8/21/19)
Crozet	0.654	20.27	0.900 (8/06/19)
Scottsville	0.049	<u>1.53</u>	0.073 (8/16/19)
RWSA Total	11.32	350.98	

All RWSA water treatment facilities were in regulatory compliance during the month of August.

Status of Reservoirs (as of September 16, 2019):

- ➤ Urban Reservoirs: 93.75% of Total Useable Capacity
- Ragged Mountain Reservoir is -1.67 feet (93 %)
- ➤ Sugar Hollow Reservoir is -5.52 feet (77 %)
- ➤ South Rivanna Reservoir is full (100%)
- ➤ Beaver Creek Reservoir is-0.55 feet (96%)
- ➤ Totier Creek Reservoir is full (100%)

WASTEWATER OPERATIONS:

All RWSA Water Resource Recovery Facilities (WRRFs) were in regulatory compliance with their effluent limitations during August 2019 with the possible exception of Moores Creek AWRRF. Moores Creek laboratory reported three high final ammonia results on 8/19, 8/21, and 8/22. RWSA Staff notified DEQ of the results and are actively investigating the source of the high results. Performance of the WRRFs in August was as follows compared to the respective VDEQ permit limits:

WRRF	Average Daily Effluent	Average (pp	Average CBOD ₅ (ppm)		Average Total Suspended Solids (ppm)		Average Ammonia (ppm)	
	Flow (mgd)	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	LIMIT	RESULT	LIMIT	
Moores Creek	9.3	<ql< th=""><th>11</th><th><ql< th=""><th>22</th><th>3.3</th><th>2.2</th></ql<></th></ql<>	11	<ql< th=""><th>22</th><th>3.3</th><th>2.2</th></ql<>	22	3.3	2.2	
Glenmore	0.087	3.0	15	3.0	30	NR	NL	
Scottsville	0.047	2.0	25	2.0	30	NR	NL	
Stone Robinson	0.002	NR	30	NR	30	NR	NL	

NR = Not Required

NL = No Limit

Nutrient discharges at the Moores Creek AWRRF were as follows for August 2019.

State Annual (lb./yr.) F		Average Monthly Allocation (lb./mo.) *	Moores Creek Discharge August (lb./mo.)	Performance as % of monthly average Allocation*	Year to Date Performance as % of annual allocation
Nitrogen	282,994	23,583	5,896	25%	44%
Phosphorous	18,525	1,544	868	56%	25%

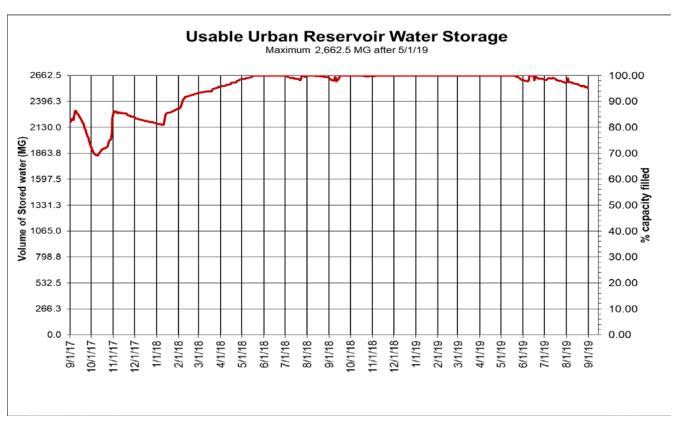
^{*}State allocations are expressed as annual amounts. One-twelfth of that allocation is an internal monthly benchmark for comparative purposes only.

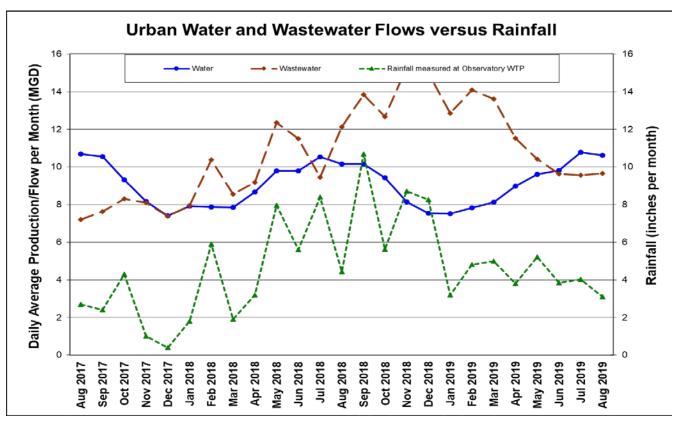
WATER AND WASTEWATER DATA:

The following graphs are provided for review:

- Usable Urban Reservoir Water Storage
- Urban Water and Wastewater Flows versus Rainfall

<QL: Less than analytical method quantitative level (2.0 ppm for CBOD, 1.0 ppm for TSS, and 0.1 ppm for Ammonia).





www.rivanna.org

MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

POSITION RECLASSIFICATION REQUEST – GROUNDS **SUBJECT:**

MAINTENANCE TO CIVIL ENGINEER

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

This request is to reclassify a currently vacant Grounds Maintenance position to a Civil Engineer position to best use this resource.

As part of our Strategic Plan efforts to Optimize Operations, we have evaluated use of a landscape contractor as compared to in-house staff to complete grounds maintenance tasks (primarily mow grass) at our facilities. Our review indicates there would be an estimated annual savings of \$28,000 depending upon the frequency of mowing, to have the contractor complete this work, as shown in the chart below. In-house staff will continue to provide grounds maintenance at Moores Creek to utilize our current inventory of equipment and provide building maintenance, snow removal, leaf collection and furniture setups. These tasks not routinely performed at other facilities.

Cost to Co	ntract									
				Low	High					
				Summer	Summer	Winter		Total Cost	То	tal Cost
				(4/1-11/10)	(4/1-11/10)	(11/11-3/31)	Total	Low (every	Hig	h (every
No.	Dept.	Location	Unit Cost	(223 days)	(223 days)	(141 days)	Units	14 days)	1	0 days)
1	W	Scottsville WTP	300	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 5,979	\$	7,890
2	W	Scottsville Ground Storage Tank	50	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 996	\$	1,315
3	WW	Scottsville WRRF	350	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 6,975	\$	9,205
4	WW	Glenmore WRRF	200	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 3,986	\$	5,260
5	WW	Crozet WWPS 1	75	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 1,495	\$	1,973
6	WW	Crozet WWPS 2	75	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 1,495	\$	1,973
7	WW	Crozet WWPS 3	75	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 1,495	\$	1,973
8	WW	Crozet WWPS 4	50	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 996	\$	1,315
9	WW	Albemarle Berkley PS	100	15.9	22.3	4	26.3	\$ 1,993	\$	2,630
								\$ 25,409	\$	33,533

In-House C	<u>Cost</u>				
			Low	Mid	High
Personnel	Salary		\$ 26,765	\$ 35,597	\$ 44,429
Overhead	Cost (Hea	Ith, VRS, Etc.) (35%)	\$ 9,368	\$ 12,459	\$ 15,550
Equipment	t, Fuel, Lu	bricants, Parts	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Total			\$ 46,133	\$ 58,056	\$ 69,979

Cost Savings	
Low Range	\$ 12,600
Mid Range	\$ 28,585
High Range	\$ 44,570
Most Likely	\$ 25,829

By using a contractor, we can eliminate one of our two Grounds Maintenance positions (one position is currently vacant). We can further leverage this optimization by reclassifying the vacant Grounds Maintenance position to a Civil Engineer position, which will reduce our costs for engineering consultants. Our group of 4 staff engineers has about 60 CIP, Preliminary Engineering, Operations & Maintenance, and Master Plan projects underway, as well as many recurring program responsibilities (Dam Safety, Development Review, Sewer Flow Metering, Meter Calibrations, Tank Inspections, Easement Clearing, Water/Sewer Line Repairs). One of our biggest challenges is in keeping all of these projects moving forward and on schedule. The net additional cost of a Civil Engineer position will be offset in our salary budget by vacancy savings.

Board Action Requested:

Authorization to reclassify a vacant Grounds Maintenance position to a Civil Engineer position.



MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY

RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

As part of our Strategic Plan efforts to Optimize Operations, we have developed procedures to provide guidance to staff and to maintain consistent outcomes for several typical operational areas including:

- Control of Firearms and Ammunition
- Use of Rivanna Credit Cards
- Service Awards and Retirement Celebrations
- Business Meals and Refreshments
- Uniforms and Safety Shoes
- Emergency Food Supplies

These procedures will assist us in managing the appropriate use of our resources, maintain high standards of professional appearance, and support our security objectives. These procedures will supplement the Administrative Policies included in our Personnel Management Plan, as well as the procurement requirements of our Purchasing Manual. Additional procedures may be developed as our Strategic Planning process continues.

Board Action Requested:

These General Administrative Procedures are being provided as information to the Boards of Directors of the RSWA and the RWSA.

Attachments



Control of Firearms and Ammunition	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive		
	Director		
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive	Approval Date: September 4, 2019		
Director			

Purpose

It is the intent of the Rivanna Authorities to maintain high standards of professional conduct, safety, security and customer service. Rivanna promotes the security of our employees, facilities and customers through the implementation of security policies, measures and enforcement required to maintain a safe environment. Our policies must be consistent with the laws established by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The laws of the Commonwealth allow public employers to adopt workplace rules for employees. The laws of the Commonwealth do not allow non-school public employers to adopt workplace rules applicable to the public who may lawfully come into the workplace.

Control of Firearms and Ammunition

Employees are not permitted to carry, or to possess in a Rivanna vehicle, firearms or ammunition while on duty. This includes firearms for which employees have a lawful permit. Exceptions to this policy require prior written permission from the Executive Director.

Employees may store lawfully possessed firearms and ammunition in a locked private motor vehicle on Authority property. Firearms and ammunition must remain in the private vehicle while on Authority property.



Credit Cards	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive
	Director
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive	Approval Date: September 4, 2019
Director	

Purpose

Rivanna closely manages its financial resources to ensure they are utilized appropriately. All purchases must directly support Rivanna, and be completed in accordance with the Purchasing Manual. This procedure is to outline typical practices for minor operational expenditures.

Credit Cards

Rivanna credit cards will be available for use by the Executive Director and the Director of Finance. Typical instances of when these cards may be used include:

- Permit fees, license renewals or other administrative fees and charges, when available to be paid online
- Conferences or training and any associated registration fees, travel, and lodging
- Office and educational supplies
- Business meals, refreshments, and emergency food supplies
- Urgent or Emergency purchases IT hardware, errors in billing disrupting services, etc.

The credit card(s) are used mainly as a means of payment and do not bypass purchasing/purchasing requirements. Procurement requirements still rest within the Purchasing Manual and VPPA as amended. Transactions will normally be less than \$5000 for a single purchase. All charges to the credit card must be approved by the Executive Director or the Director of Finance via the **Credit Card Charge Form** (see attached). Vendor receipt for the purchase must be submitted to the Accounts Payable office promptly supporting the charge to the credit card account.



Service Awards and Retirement Celebrations	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive Director
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive Director	Approval Date: September 4, 2019

Purpose

Celebrations honoring employees for time in service and retirement are a valid means of employee recognition and support our Strategic Plan goal of Workforce Development. At the same time, Rivanna Authorities must be good stewards of Authority funds. The following procedures will apply to all service awards and retirement celebrations utilizing Authority funds.

Service Awards

As specified in our Personnel Management Plan, awards are presented for service in five-year increments. All awards are presented annually in a mass setting, typically on Employee Appreciation Day. Service awards will be based on \$10/year of service with Rivanna.

Retirements

- Should typically be held on Authority property and combined within a Division whenever possible (monthly, quarterly, etc.).
- Gifts must be funded by contributions from employees or non-Rivanna sources.
- Celebration funding will be based on \$10/year of service with Rivanna.

If you have questions about the appropriateness of planned costs for an event, including the reasonable cost per person, please discuss them with your Division Director.



Business Meals	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive Director
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive Director	Approval Date: September 4, 2019

Purpose

Rivanna closely manages its financial resources to ensure they are utilized appropriately. All purchases must directly support Rivanna, and be completed in accordance with the Purchasing Manual. This procedure is to outline typical practices for minor operational expenditures.

Business Meals and Refreshments

Business meals, typically a "boxed" lunch or food tray from a local vendor, are appropriate for certain instances to effectively conduct our business, and may be provided at Rivanna's expense. The cost per person must be reasonable. Prior approval from a Division Director or the Executive Director is required. Typical instances of when business meals and refreshments may be appropriate include:

- For the interview/selection committee when presentations by vendors extend for most of the day as part of a procurement process.
- For the interview/selection committee to fill staff vacancies or promotions when the interviews extend for most of the day.
- For staff training which extends for most of the day.
- For special committee or informational meetings with multiple Divisions or outside partners, such as the ACSA or City.
- For Regional meetings we may host (i.e., NW Central Virginia Regional Utility Managers group).
- Internal and Regional Team Building events, including Employee Appreciation Day, the Holiday Luncheon, Administrative Professionals Day or special achievement events, along with staff departures, with approval by the Division Director.
- Meetings with Board Members, community businesses, or new employees, typically by the Executive Director or Division Directors.
- For service awards or retirement celebrations, in accordance with the Service Awards and Retirement Celebration Procedure.

Uniforms & Safety Shoes	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive
	Director
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive Director	Approval Date: September 4, 2019

Purpose

It is the intent of the Rivanna Authorities to maintain high standards of professional conduct, safety, security and customer service. The customer's first impression of our organization is based on the appearance of our employees. It is very important for our employees to dress and conduct themselves professionally, and to be readily identifiable. Rivanna promotes this philosophy by providing employees with uniforms, shoes and safety equipment that are to be used in the performance of every employee's job. Our policy in providing and requiring the use of these items is as follows:

Uniforms

Uniformed positions include all Maintenance, Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Engineering Technicians/Inspectors, Lab employees, as well as the Water Quality Specialist, Water Resources Manager, and the Safety Manager. This uniform procedure does not apply to Directors.

Maintenance, Water, Wastewater, and Solid Waste employees are required to wear Rivanna issued uniform pants and shirts at all times during their work shifts, including during training events. If outer garments and hats are worn, these employees are required to wear Rivanna logo garments and hats. These employees are required to wear safety shoes at all times during their shifts.

Engineering Technicians/Inspectors are required to wear Rivanna shirts, but not pants, including during training events. If outer garments and hats are worn, these employees are required to wear Rivanna logo garments and hats. These employees are required to wear safety shoes at all times when working in the field.

Lab employees, the Water Quality Specialist, Water Resources Manager, and the Safety Manager are required to wear Rivanna shirts, but not pants, when working in the field for planned events. If outer garments and hats are worn when working in the field for planned events, these employees are required to wear Rivanna logo garments and hats. These employees are required to wear safety shoes at all times when working in the field.

Uniforms must be kept neat and clean. If an employee's uniform has missing patches, becomes permanently stained, torn, damaged, worn or no longer fits properly, replacement uniforms will be issued. The employee must turn in damaged, worn or ill-fitting uniforms to receive replacement uniforms using the proper process and approvals.



Employees must wear uniform pants with a belt provided by the employee. Uniforms must be worn as designed, i.e. pants at waist level, and rental uniform shirts tucked in. No personal clothes may be altered by adding the Rivanna logo and worn as a substitute for Rivanna uniforms. In addition, the following examples are not acceptable while a uniformed employee is working, including attending training:

- Novelty shirts that can be seen through the uniform shirt,
- Shorts in lieu of uniform pants,
- Footwear other than approved safety shoes,
- Stained or badly soiled uniforms (upon arriving for the day),
- Uniforms with cut off sleeves or pant legs,
- Uniforms with frayed pants legs or shirt sleeves,
- Uniforms with missing Rivanna logo patches,

Employees must maintain professional conduct while wearing their uniform, even when off duty, and should not routinely wear their uniform when off duty. Any employee that reports to work and is not wearing the required uniform, including footwear, may be sent home to change. Time away from work for this purpose will be unpaid. Additional offenses will result in progressive disciplinary actions that may include suspension without pay and termination of the employee. No time will be allowed during the normal work hours to change into or out of uniforms. Additional shirts may be provided to establish an adequate initial supply.

Rental Uniforms

Upon initial employment, where applicable, the Department will provide 11-pair of pants and 11-shirts. It is the responsibility of each employee to ensure his or her dirty laundry is returned to the laundry bins each week. Dirty laundry pick-up, and the return of clean uniforms (dropped of the previous week for service), will be provided by the service supplier weekly.

Knit Shirts and T-Shirts

Knit shirts and T-shirts may be provided for uniformed staff, if approved by the Division Director. These shirts must have a readily visible Rivanna logo. Non-uniformed staff will be eligible for two knit shirts per year, which can be replaced if they become unsightly or no longer fit properly, and may be worn on a daily basis, as well as to conferences, seminars, functions with consultants, vendors, or the public (public meetings), when appropriate.

In accordance with the goals of our Uniform Procedure, these shirts must maintain the professional appearance of our employees, and clearly identify our employees for security reasons.

Safety Shoes

Upon being hired, uniformed and other authorized employees will be issued a voucher for the purchase of one pair of safety shoes. Safety shoes will be worn by most employees whose jobs

involve working in the field or in a plant. The need for safety shoes in other positions is determined by the Department Manager. Employees must select safety shoes appropriate for their job duties. Employees who work with instrumentation and electrical equipment will wear shoes that are also rated for electrical hazard (EH Rated). All Rivanna Solid Waste Authority employees will wear shoes that are puncture resistant.

RWSA employees will be issued a voucher for \$125 each fiscal year (beginning July 1st). If an employee does not need to replace their safety shoes, they may forgo their annual voucher and accrue up to \$250 over two years for safety shoes. This is the maximum amount they are allowed to accrue.

RSWA employees will be issued a voucher for \$190 each fiscal year (beginning July 1st). If an employee does not need to replace their safety shoes, they may forgo their annual voucher and accrue up to \$250 over two years for safety shoes. This is the maximum amount they are allowed to accrue.

All safety shoe vouchers are issued by Accounts Payable. Employees must return their receipts for the purchase of safety shoes to Accounts Payable.

Employees who feel their most recently issued safety shoes are in need of replacement should see their Department Manager to have their safety shoes inspected and a replacement approved. Employees will incur no costs for the safety shoes which are required to be worn while employed by Rivanna, except under the following conditions:

- The employee will be responsible for the replacement of the safety shoes if the safety shoes which are issued to the employee by Rivanna are lost, abused or there is evidence of deliberate mistreatment of the shoes by the employee.
- If the employee selects a pair of safety shoes that exceeds the cost allowance set by Rivanna, then the employee will be required to pay the difference in cost.
- If the employee cannot purchase proper fitting footwear from one of the two retailers that Rivanna uses for safety shoes (Super Shoes and Red Wing Shoes), consideration can be given to use an alternate vendor. This will be considered on an individual basis. Authorization must be provided by the Department Manager. The cost allowance will remain the same and the employee will have to pay any cost that is over the allowance amount.

All employees are required to wear their safety shoes when in any Rivanna Water and Sewer plant, while working at any Rivanna Solid Waste facilities, while doing any field work for the Rivanna Authorities, and in any other circumstance where foot protection is warranted.



GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

Emergency Food	Prepared By: Rivanna Authorities Executive Director
Approved By: Bill Mawyer, Executive Director	Approval Date: September 4, 2019

Purpose

Rivanna closely manages its financial resources to ensure they are utilized appropriately. All purchases must directly support Rivanna, and be completed in accordance with the Purchasing Manual. This procedure is to outline typical practices for minor operational expenditures.

Emergency Food

Several Divisions, typically Operations and Engineering/Maintenance, are required to maintain a reasonable stock of food to support staff when required to work emergency situations, such as during a storm (hurricane, tropical storm, snow, ice, wind, natural disaster) or manmade disaster. Purchase and use of the emergency food shall be as follows:

- A stock of nonperishable food shall be maintained at all times throughout the year
- Food shall be consumed only during emergency periods as designated by the Division Director
- Food may be used, if possible, for a regularly scheduled staff function immediately before the food expires.
 - o If there is no regularly scheduled staff function, the food shall be disposed of when expired.

MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

RIVANNA SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: JENNIFER A. WHITAKER, DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING AND

MAINTENANCE

REVIEWED BY: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: AWARD OF NONPROFESSIONAL SERVICES CONTRACT:

ON-CALL DAM MAINTENANCE SERVICES,

BANDER SMITH INC

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

The Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority (RWSA) and Rivanna Solid Waste Authority (RSWA) own and operate six regulated dams and four small unregulated dams. Neither the RWSA Maintenance and Water Departments nor RSWA staff have the resources or expertise necessary to perform tree removal, complex maintenance, or repair work that occurs periodically on RWSA's and RSWA's dams, or to address all possible emergency situations associated with these structures. In the past, these services have been procured via competitive sealed bid or request for quotes, but it was determined as part of a recent review of this process that having "on-call" contractors under contract for this purpose, with general provisions such as insurance, indemnification, and unit price compensation, could speed up response during routine and emergency situations. As a result, RWSA and RSWA issued a joint Request for Proposals (RFP) with the intent to augment the capabilities of our existing staff in order to respond to dam emergencies or complete complex small-scale repairs. Large scale repairs and modifications to dam structures will continue to be procured via competitive sealed bid.

The RFP was developed and advertised on August 1, 2019 and proposals were due on August 22, 2019. As part of the procurement process, competitive negotiation was utilized as the procurement method for this contract. Due to the nature of dealing with critical dam infrastructure in remote or difficult locations, it is critical to review a contractor's qualifications and references to confirm capabilities and the satisfaction of other owners who have worked with the contractor in similar situations. This method would allow RWSA and RSWA to evaluate not only the firm's experience, capabilities and availability, but also the management approaches and key personnel. In addition, this approach would still allow RWSA and RSWA to factor price into the decision-making process, but not use it as the sole determining factor.

On August 22, 2019 one proposal was received from Bander Smith, Inc. Based on the qualifications of the firm and the proposed project team, responsiveness to the scope of services,

professional competence, qualifications, competitive labor rates, depth of key personnel, and extensive experience with similar projects, including several successful projects completed for RWSA; it was determined that RWSA and RSWA would proceed with awarding a contract to Bander Smith.

Board Action Requested:

Staff requests that the Board of Directors authorize the Executive Director to execute a contract with an initial term of two (2) years with options to annually renew the contract following the initial term for a total term not to exceed five (5) years with Bander Smith, Inc. for on-call dam maintenance services.

Staff also requests that the Board of Directors authorize the Executive Director to execute work authorizations under these contracts as needed when the estimated price of a specific repair is less than \$100,000, and to execute work authorizations in estimated amounts exceeding \$100,000 with notification of the Board when an emergency purchase is declared by the Executive Director pursuant to Section XVI of the Procurement Manual.

www.rivanna.org





MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: JENNIFER A. WHITAKER, DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING AND

MAINTENANCE

REVIEWED BY: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: AUTHORIZATION OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING

> SERVICES FOR THE ROUTE 29 WATER PUMP STATION AND WATER MAIN PROJECT - SHORT ELLIOT HENDRICKSON

ENGINEERS

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

The Route 29 Pipeline and Pump Station master plan was developed in 2007. The plan originally envisioned a multi-faceted project that reliably connected the North and South Rivanna water pressure bands, reduced excessive operating pressures, and developed a new Airport water pressure zone to better serve higher elevations located near the Airport and Hollymead Town Center. The master plan was updated in 2018 to reflect current changes in the system and water demands. This project, along with the associated water mains, will provide a reliable and redundant finished water supply to the North Rivanna area. The proposed pump station will be designed to serve system demands at the current high pressure, and will be expandable to address future low-pressure conditions that will include a storage tank and the creation of the Airport pressure zone.

In order to take this project from the master planning phase through construction, staff has negotiated a scope, fee and schedule with SEH under the firm's term contract to perform preliminary engineering, final design, bidding, and construction administration services for the Route 29 Water Pump Station and Water Main Project.

Board Action Requested:

Staff requests the Board of Directors to authorize the Executive Director to execute a work authorization with Short Elliot Hendrickson for preliminary engineering, final design, bidding, and construction administration services for the Route 29 Water Pump Station and Water Main Project, for an amount not to exceed \$470,000, and any amendments needed to complete the design, bidding, and construction administration of the improvements identified above, not to exceed 10% of the original contract amount.



MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: APPROVAL OF THE "OBSERVATORY WATER TREATMENT

PLANT, RAW WATER PUMPING AND PIPING UPGRADE COST

AND CAPACITY ALLOCATION AGREEMENT"

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

This request is to approve a new "Observatory Water Treatment Plant, Raw Water Pumping and Piping Upgrade Cost and Capacity Allocation Agreement" to allocate increased capacity costs to the City and the ACSA.

The Four Party Agreement of 1973 and the "December 1, 2003 Agreement" require RWSA to allocate any additional water capacity, and the cost to construct the additional capacity, to the party which will benefit from the additional capacity. While the majority of the costs for the upcoming Observatory Water Treatment Plant Upgrade CIP project will be for renovations (\$22.5 M), a portion of the work will increase treatment capacity from 7.7 to 10 MGD for an estimated cost of \$2.95 M. Further, additional CIP projects are planned to replace the raw water pumping stations (\$4.8 M total cost) and the raw water piping (\$13.2 M total cost) located between the Ragged Mtn Reservoir and the Observatory Water Treatment Plant. Those projects will provide additional pumping and piping capacity costing an estimated \$3.4 M and \$3.3 M, respectively. Accordingly, the proposed Agreement has been developed which allocates 48% of the additional capacity cost for the Observatory WTP and raw water piping project to the City, and 52% to the ACSA. Further, the proposed Agreement allocates 28% of the combined capacity and non-capacity costs for the pump stations to the City, and 72% to the ACSA. The ACSA Executive Director and the City's Director of Public Utilities, our attorney, and I have worked to develop the terms of this Agreement over the last year. Costs to the City and ACSA will be allocated annually in our Debt Service charges for Capital Improvement Projects. After consideration by the RWSA Board today, the City Council and the ACSA Board will be asked to consider the Agreement.

Board Action Requested:

Recommend approval of the "Observatory Water Treatment Plant, Raw Water Pumping and Piping Upgrade Cost and Capacity Allocation Agreement".

Attachment

OBSERVATORY WATER TREATMENT PLANT, RAW WATER PUMPING AND PIPING UPGRADE COST AND CAPACITY ALLOCATION AGREEMENT

This OBSERVATORY WATER TREATMENT PLANT, RAW WATER PUMPING AND PIPING UPGRADE COST AND CAPACITY ALLOCATION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is made for purposes of identification this ____ day of _______, 2019, by and between the CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE, Virginia, a municipal corporation (the "City"), the ALBEMARLE COUNTY SERVICE AUTHORITY, a public body politic and corporate ("ACSA") and the RIVANNA WATER and SEWER AUTHORITY, a public body politic and corporate ("RWSA").

WITNESSETH:

- A. RWSA owns and/or operates facilities for the receipt and treatment of potable water pursuant to the terms of a Four Party Agreement dated June 12, 1973, among the City, RWSA, ACSA, and the Board of Supervisors of Albemarle County, Virginia (the "Four Party Agreement") and several supplementary agreements.
- B. Pursuant to Section 4.3 of the Four Party Agreement, the City and ACSA have agreed upon a project, not contemplated by their previous agreements, for upgrade and expansion of the water production capacity of the Observatory Water Treatment Plant from 7.7 million gallons per day ("mgd") to 10 mgd, as well as replacement and upgrade of the raw water pump stations and pipelines between the Ragged Mountain Reservoir and the Observatory Water Treatment Plant (the "Project"), and thereby increase the water production capacity of RWSA's urban water system (the "Urban Water System"). The Urban Water System consists of all water related facilities within or serving the City of Charlottesville and the urban growth area of

Albemarle County surrounding the City of Charlottesville, including water plants and all reservoirs, pipelines, pumping stations, storage tanks and other appurtenances connected to water plants and operated by RWSA.

- C. The City, ACSA and RWSA are parties to an agreement dated December 1, 2003 (the "December 1, 2003 Agreement") regarding the allocation of expenses for a water supply project to increase the safe-yield provided by the Urban Water System by raising the elevation of the South Fork Rivanna Reservoir. RWSA never constructed this project, however, since 2003 RWSA has allocated costs to the City and ACSA for water supply projects to increase safe yield (as opposed to costs for water treatment capacity related projects) based upon the December 1, 2003 Agreement's agreed upon percentages of 27% to the City and 73% to ACSA, with the exception of the water supply project costs for those projects identified in the Ragged Mountain Dam Project Agreement dated as of January 1, 2012 by and among the City, ACSA and RWSA, the costs of which were allocated between the City and ACSA pursuant to the Water Cost Allocation Agreement dated as of January 1, 2012 by and among the City, ACSA and RWSA (the "Water Cost Allocation Agreement"), entered into as part of the Ragged Mountain Dam Project Agreement dated as of January 1, 2012 by and among the City, ACSA and RWSA (the "Ragged Mountain Dam Project Agreement").
- D. Paragraph 4 of the December 1, 2003 Agreement provides for the allocation of RWSA's Urban Water System Plants' capacity by allocating 48% of such capacity to the City and 52% of such capacity to ACSA, and provides further that these respective percentages shall be used for the allocation of all non-capacity expansion related charges imposed by RWSA, including future non-capacity related projects for the Urban Water System.

- E. Paragraph 5 of the December 1, 2003 Agreement provides that if any improvements increase capacity (as opposed to safe-yield) of the Urban Water System, the City and ACSA will negotiate a new cost sharing and capacity allocation agreement as a result of the increased capacity.
- F. The Water Cost Allocation Agreement did not address cost allocation for new projects which would result in increased capacity of the Urban Water System.
- G. The Project consists primarily of improvements not related to capacity increase with costs preliminarily estimated at \$25.5 million for the plant upgrades, \$4.8 million for pump stations replacement and \$13.2 million for piping, of which only \$2.95 million, \$3.4 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, are estimated as being related to capacity increase.
- H. As a primarily non-capacity related project, RWSA has been allocating Project costs to the City and ACSA on the basis of Paragraph 4 of the December 1, 2003 Agreement with 48% of such costs allocated to the City and 52% of such costs allocated to ACSA.
- I. The City and ACSA have now reached agreement on future cost allocation for the non-capacity related and capacity related costs of the Project and the allocation of the increased capacity of the Urban Water System expected to result from the Project.
- J. The parties recognize that the infrastructure improvements to the Observatory Water Treatment Plant and the raw water lines supplying the plant must be coupled with a future finished water distribution pipe in order to receive the benefits of updating the plant and raw water supply lines in order to build redundancy into the Urban Water System and allow RWSA to provide continuously reliable service.
- K. RWSA has commenced an Urban Finished Water Infrastructure Master Plan as part of its capital improvements program which will identify one or more locations for a finished water distribution line from the Observatory Water Treatment Plant in lieu of completion of the Eastern

Branch Phase of the extension of the water transmission system originally identified in the Agreement dated October 26, 1987 between RWSA, the City and ACSA (the "Southern Loop Agreement").

AGREEMENT:

NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the premises and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of all of which is hereby acknowledged, the City, ACSA and RWSA agree as follows:

- 1. RWSA's Urban Water System water treatment plants (the "<u>Urban Water System Plants</u>") currently have a production capacity of 21.7 mgd of potable water. The Project is expected to provide an additional 2.3 mgd of production capacity in the Observatory Water Treatment Plant, and a total production capacity of 24 mgd in the Urban Water System Plants.
- 2. The City and ACSA agree that following completion of the Project, RWSA's expected Urban Water System Plants' capacity of 24 mgd will be allocated 48% to the City (11.5 mgd) and 52% to ACSA (12.5 mgd); and each shall pay these respective percentages of all non-capacity expansion related charges imposed by RWSA, including future non-capacity related projects for the Urban Water System.
- 3. Effective [July 1, 2019], the City and ACSA agree that all costs for the Project, whether capacity related or not capacity related, with the exception of the capacity related portion of the pump stations replacement as set forth in Paragraph 4 below, will be shared with 48% of such costs continuing to be allocated to the City and 52% of such costs continuing to be allocated to ACSA. All costs incurred by RWSA for the Project, whether capacity related or not capacity related, for work performed or debt service owed for periods prior to July 1, 2019, irrespective of when invoiced or paid, have been allocated to the City and ACSA using these same allocation

Agreement. Costs for work performed and debt service owed related to the Project include the budgeted costs of engineering, construction, legal and land costs, administrative costs, permit fees, debt service (including anticipated debt service in the period before bonds are issued or loans are obtained to finance the Project), and establishment of reserves and related expenses (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Debt Service Charges"). RWSA's water rates have been determined and calculated, and continue to be determined and calculated, as provided in Article VII of the Four-Party Agreement, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to Agreement dated as of October 27, 2015 by and among the City, ACSA, the Board of Supervisors of Albemarle County and RWSA ("Amendment No. 1"), and as provided in the Working Agreement on Urban Area Wholesale Flow Allocation and Billing Methodology dated January 24, 1983 by and among RWSA, ACSA and the City.

4. The capacity related portion of the cost for the pump stations replacement will be shared by allocating 20% of such cost to the City and 80% of such cost to ACSA. The non-capacity related portion of the cost for the pump stations replacement will be shared by allocating 48% of such cost to the City and 52% of such cost to ACSA as provided in Paragraph 3 above, as previously agreed to by the City and ACSA pursuant to Paragraph 3 of the Water Cost Allocation Agreement for pumping facilities under the SRR-RMR Pipeline project (as such term is defined in Paragraph 1(d) of the Ragged Mountain Dam Project Agreement). Based upon the estimated costs of the pumping stations replacement set forth in Recital G above, combining the capacity related and non-capacity related portions of such costs results in an allocation of 28% of such costs to the City and 72% of such costs to ACSA.

- 5. If any future non-capacity related projects result in an increase in capacity of any of the Urban Water System Plants, the City and ACSA will negotiate a new cost sharing and capacity allocation agreement as a result of the increased capacity. If any future non-capacity related projects result in a decrease in capacity of any of the Urban Water System Plants, the resulting capacity shall be allocated to the City and ACSA proportionally according to the 48%/52% allocation set forth herein.
- 6. RWSA shall be responsible for all aspects of the design, easement acquisition and construction of the Project.
- 7. The City and ACSA will continue to pay for routine labor, chemicals, supplies, power, and other operational costs associated with water production in the Urban Water System on the basis of their respective percentage volume use as set out in the Four Party Agreement, as supplemented by (i) Joint Resolution adopted in January 1983 (as such resolution was clarified by Resolution of the Albemarle County Service Authority dated March 17, 1983, and by Resolution of the Charlottesville City Council dated May 2, 1983, and modified by Joint Resolution adopted in December, 1983), (ii) Working Agreement on Urban Area Wholesale Flow Allocations and Billing Methodology dated January 24, 1983; and (iii) Agreement dated October 26, 1987, relating to the operation of the RWSA's Urban Water System and the division of RWSA's operational costs between the City and ACSA, and as amended by Amendment No. 1.
- 8. The City and ACSA agree that an additional finished water distribution line, in lieu of the Eastern Branch Phase previously agreed to pursuant to the Southern Loop Agreement, to be located more centrally through the City of Charlottesville and the exact location of which will be identified by RWSA upon completion of the Urban Finished Water Infrastructure Master Plan, is necessary in order to receive the benefits of updating the Observatory Water Treatment Plant and

raw water supply lines in order to build redundancy into the Urban Water System and to allow RWSA to provide continuously reliable service. The City and ACSA agree to cooperate fully to insure the additional finished water distribution line is constructed expeditiously to be completed as nearly as possible with the completion of the Project.

Witness the following duly authorized signatures and seals:

	CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE
	By:
	ALBEMARLE COUNTY SERVICE AUTHORITY
	By:Chairman
	RIVANNA WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY
	By:
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRO	
	nt was acknowledged before me this day of y, as Mayor of the City of
Charlottesville, Virginia.	
My Commission Expires:	Notary Public

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA CITY/COUNTY OF	
The foregoing instrument was ack	knowledged before me this day of
, 2019, by	, as Chairman of the Albemarle
County Service Authority.	
	Notary Public
My Commission Expires:	
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA CITY/COUNTY OF The foregoing instrument was ack	cnowledged before me this day of
	, as Chair of the Rivanna Water and
Sewer Authority.	, as chair of the Kivanna water and
	Notes Dublic
My Commission Expires:	Notary Public
105636638 9	

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MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: DAVID TUNGATE, DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS

REVIEWED BY: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: BIOSOLIDS DISPOSAL ALTERNATIVES

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

As part of our Strategic Plan efforts to Optimize Operations, this presentation will review our existing biosolids disposal / composting program, on which we spend \$600,000 – \$700,000 annually, and offer alternatives for the future disposal of biosolids (composting, land application, landfilling) and the anticipated costs.

The Moores Creek Advanced Resource Recovery Facility produces approximately 14,000 tons of biosolids a year. Biosolids are the nutrient rich organic solids that are made when sewage sludge is dewatered. The Moores Creek facility uses a centrifuge to dewater the sewages sludge. These biosolids are hauled 120 miles to McGill Environmental in Waverly, VA and are converted into a commercially available compost product.

There are three biosolids disposal alternatives, with varying costs:

- 1. Continue to haul them to the compost facility in Waverly, VA.
- Contract with a full service biosolids disposal contractor that would do any of the following depending on the weather; compost, apply them on biosolids designated lands, or landfill the biosolids.
- 3. Haul the biosolids to a landfill.

Future Alternatives	Estimated Cost/Ton	Estimated Annual Savings
Compost	\$50	\$0
Land Apply / Landfill	\$30-\$35	\$245,000
Landfill Only	\$35-\$40	\$175,000

Board Action Requested:

Staff requests guidance from the Board of Directors on acceptable biosolids disposal options.

Biosolids Disposal Alternatives

as part of our

Strategic Plan Goal: Operational Optimization

Presented to the RWSA Board of Directors

BY: DAVID TUNGATE, DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS SEPTEMBER 24, 2019





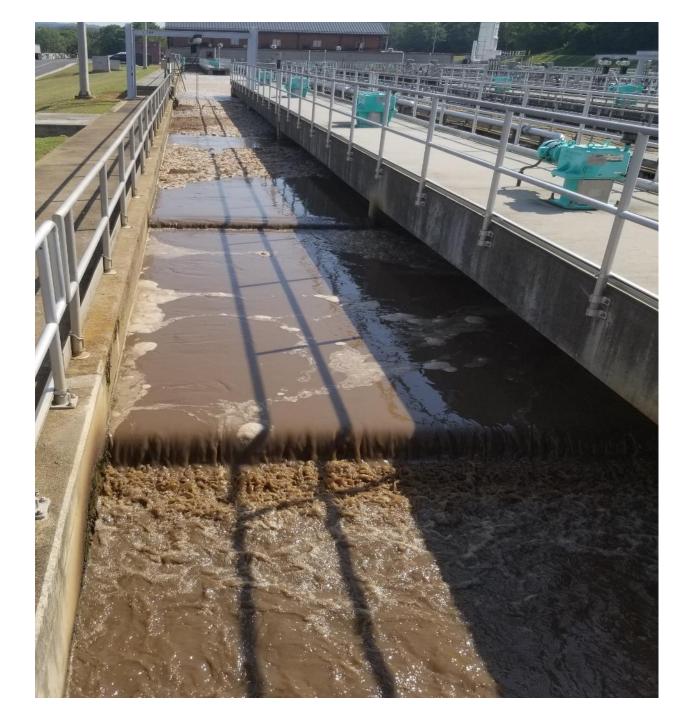
Moores Creek Advanced Wastewater Resource Recovery Facility

What are biosolids?

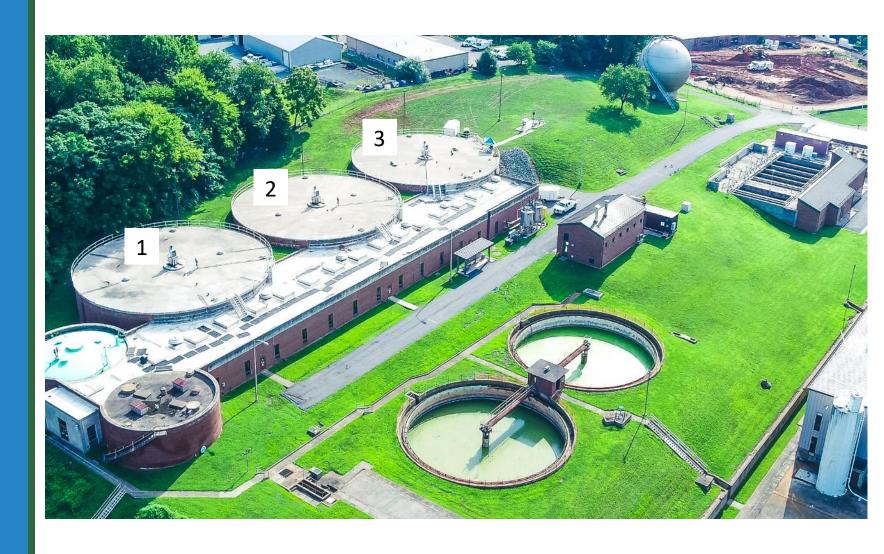
- Biosolids are nutrient-rich organic materials resulting from the treatment of domestic sewage.
- •When treated and processed, biosolids can be recycled as fertilizer to improve and maintain productive soils and stimulate plant growth.
- Biosolids are treated sewage sludge.
- •Virginia DEQ regulates sewage sludge and biosolids including the land application program.



Sewage Sludge in Aeration Basin



Anaerobic Sludge Digesters 1-3



Sludge Dewatering Centrifuge



Biosolids in Transport Trailer



Biosolids

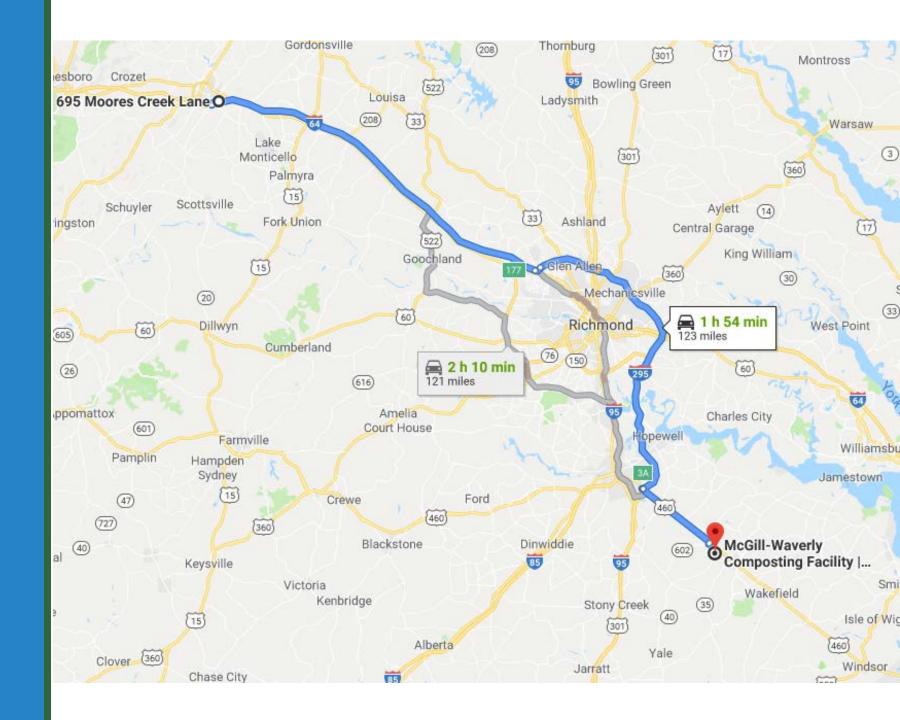
•RWSA produces approximately 14,000 tons of Class B biosolids annually

Class B biosolids have higher levels of detectable pathogens than Class A biosolids

•Biosolids are transported to McGill Environmental in Waverly, VA (120 miles). Contract expires in January 2020.

•Annual transportation and disposal cost: \$600,000 to \$700,000

Current Biosolids Disposal Location



Biosolids Disposal Alternatives

- 1. Continue to use McGill Environmental or another compost facility
- 2. Contract with a full service disposal provider that offers any combination of the following:
 - Composting
 - Land application
 - Landfilling
 - Incineration
- 3. Landfill only

Biosolids Transportation & Disposal Costs

Year	Tons	Cost	Cost/Ton
2017	12,945	\$607,723	\$46.95
2018	14,717	\$713,209	\$48.46

Future Alternatives	Estimated Cost/Ton	Estimated Annual Savings
Compost	\$50	\$0
Land Apply / Landfill	\$30-\$35	\$245,000
Landfill Only	\$35-\$40	\$175,000

Questions?

Request:

•Guidance on acceptable biosolids disposal alternatives, as we reproduce this service



MEMORANDUM

TO: RIVANNA WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM: BILL MAWYER, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: APPROVAL OF A "JOINT RESOLUTION" TO TERMINATE THE

BUCK MOUNTAIN SURCHARGE

DATE: SEPTEMBER 24, 2019

This request is to approve a new "Joint Resolution" to terminate the Buck Mountain Surcharge implemented in 1983. The surcharge was to fund some of the cost to purchase the Buck Mountain property, located near Free Union in Albemarle County. The intended purpose of the property was to construct a community water supply reservoir. To terminate the surcharge, this Resolution must be approved by the Bond Trustee, the RWSA Board, City Council, the Albemarle County Board of Supervisors and the Board of Directors of the Albemarle County Service Authority (ACSA).

In a "Joint Resolution" of 1983, the City and the ACSA requested the RWSA to purchase the property for the proposed Buck Mountain Reservoir. The City and the ACSA also agreed to collect a surcharge for each new water service connection in the City and in the urban water area of the county. Those funds were allocated to the RWSA to help pay for the bonds used to finance the purchase of the property. From 1984 – 1987, RWSA purchased 1313 acres totaling \$6.95 M for the reservoir site. While the reservoir was never constructed due to the presence of the James Spinymussel, a state and federally-listed endangered species, 600 acres of the property were preserved in 2013 to mitigate the environmental impacts of the Ragged Mountain Dam project.

This Resolution states that the parties have agreed that it is no longer necessary to collect this surcharge to pay the long-term debt financing for purchase of the property. The Bond Trustee has indicated termination of the surcharge will be approved. After consideration by the RWSA Board today, the City Council, the Albemarle County Board of Supervisors and the Board of Directors of the Albemarle County Service Authority will be asked to approve this "Joint Resolution". The surcharge will terminate for both the City and the ACSA upon the last approval by the parties.

Board Action Requested:

Recommend approval of the "Joint Resolution" to terminate the Buck Mountain Surcharge.

Attachment

JOINT RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority ("Rivanna") was formed in 1972 by a joint resolution of Albemarle County and the City of Charlottesville for the purpose of maintaining facilities to supply drinking water to both communities under terms set out in the "Four Party Agreement" dated June 12, 1973 among the City, the County, the Albemarle County Service Authority, and Rivanna; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 4.3 of the Four Party Agreement, Rivanna, at the request of the City and the County, purchased certain land in the County of Albemarle for the purpose of building a reservoir on Buck Mountain Creek; and

WHEREAS, the purchase of such land was financed with the issuance of bonds by Rivanna; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to a Joint Resolution adopted by the Albemarle County Board of Supervisors on January 5, 1983, the Charlottesville City Council on January 18, 1983, the Albemarle County Service Authority (the "Service Authority") on March 17, 1983 and the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority on January 10, 1983, the City and the Service Authority were directed, beginning July 1, 1983, to collect a surcharge for each new water service connection in the City and in the urban water area of the County, respectively and remit such surcharges to Rivanna for the purpose of paying the debt incurred under the bonds; and

WHEREAS, the Joint Resolution provided that that obligation of the City and the Service Authority to collect the surcharge would terminate upon the retirement of the long-term debt financing incurred by Rivanna for the land acquisition; and

WHEREAS, the bonds issued by Rivanna were subsequently refinanced with bonds issued by Rivanna for other projects; and

WHEREAS, as a result of such refinancings it cannot be determined exactly when such long-term debt financing for the land acquisition has been retired; and

WHEREAS, the parties have agreed that it is no longer necessary to collect such surcharge in order to pay the long-term debt financing under such refinanced bonds;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT JOINTLY RESOLVED BY ALBEMARLE COUNTY, THE CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE, THE ALBEMARLE COUNTY SERVICE AUTHORITY, AND THE RIVANNA WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY, as follows:

1. The obligation of the City and the Albemarle County Service Authority under the Joint Resolution to collect the surcharge for each new water service connection in the City and in the urban water area of the County and remit such surcharges to the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority shall be terminated upon the last to occur of (i) approval of this Joint Resolution by Albemarle County, the City of Charlottesville, the Albemarle County Service Authority and the Rivanna Water and Sewer Authority, and (ii) approval of such termination by the bond trustee.

ATTEST:	ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE
	Date
Clerk	Chairman
ATTEST:	ADOPTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE
	Date
Clerk	Mayor
ATTEST:	ADOPTED BY THE ALBEMARLE COUNTY SERVICE AUTHORITY
	Date
Secretary	Chairman
ATTEST:	ADOPTED BY THE RIVANNA WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY
	Date
Secretary	Chairman
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